# TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON 

## DEVELOPMENT CHARGE BACKGROUND STUDY

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Planning for growth

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

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1. The report provided herein represents the Development Charge Background Study for the Township of Centre Wellington required by the Development Charges Act (DCA). This report has been prepared in accordance with the methodology required under the DCA. The contents include the following:

- Chapter 1 - Overview of the legislative requirements of the Act;
- Chapter 2 - Review of present DC policies of the Township;
- Chapter 3 - Summary of the residential and non-residential growth forecasts for the Township;
- Chapter 4 - Approach to Calculating the Development Charge;
- Chapter 5 - Review of historic service standards and identification of future capital requirements to service growth and related deductions and allocations;
- Chapter 6 - Calculation of the development charges;
- Chapter 7 - Development charge policy recommendations and rules; and
- Chapter 8 - By-law implementation.

2. Development charges provide for the recovery of growth-related capital expenditures from new development. The Development Charges Act is the statutory basis to recover these charges. The methodology is detailed in Chapter 4. A simplified summary is provided below:
1) Identify amount, type and location of growth;
2) Identify servicing needs to accommodate growth;
3) Identify capital costs to provide services to meet the needs;
4) Deduct:

- Grants, subsidies and other contributions;
- Benefit to existing development;
- Statutory $10 \%$ deduction (soft services);
- Amounts in excess of 10 year historic service calculation;
- DC Reserve Funds (where applicable);

5) Net costs then allocated between residential and non-residential benefit; and
6) Net costs divided by growth to provide the DC charge.
3. The growth forecast (Chapter 3) on which the Municipal-wide development charge is based, projects the following population, housing and non-residential floor area for the ten year (2013-2022) and fourteen year (2013-2026) periods.

| Measure | 10 Year | 14 Year | Urban Build <br> Out <br> $2013-2022$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $2013-2026$ | 2013-Urban 14 <br> Year |  |  |
| (Net) Population Increase | 7,203 | 9,586 | 9,321 |
| Residential Unit Increase | 2,687 | 3,575 | 3,400 |
| Non-Residential Gross Floor Area Increase $\left(\mathrm{ft}^{2}\right)$ | $1,607,891$ | $2,101,466$ | $1,919,137$ |

Source: Watson \& Associates Economists Ltd. Forecast 2011
4. On January 18, 2010, the Township of Centre Wellington passed By-law Number 2010002 under the Development Charges Act, 1997. The by-law came into effect on January 19, 2010 and imposes development charges on residential and non-residential uses. By-law Number 2010-002 will expire on January 19, 2015. The Township is undertaking a development charge public process and anticipates passing a new by-law in advance of the expiry date. The mandatory public meeting has been set for September 23, 2013 with adoption of the by-law anticipated subsequently.
5. The development charges currently in effect are $\$ 19,190$ for single detached dwelling units for full services, non-residential commercial/institutional charges are $\$ 8.84$ per square foot for full services. This report has undertaken a recalculation of the charge based on future identified needs (presented in Schedule ES-1 for Residential and Nonresidential) and has been provided on a Municipal-wide basis for all services except water and wastewater services with are provided on an urban-wide basis. The corresponding single-detached unit charge is $\$ 20,378$ and the non-residential charge is $\$ 7.68$ per square foot of building area. These rates are submitted to Council for its consideration.
6. The Development Charges Act requires a summary to be provided of the gross capital costs and the net costs to be recovered over the life of the by-law. This calculation is provided by service and is presented in Table 6-5. A summary of these costs is provided below:

| Total gross expenditures planned over the next five years | $\$ 30,244,403$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Less: |  |
| Benefit to existing development | $\$ 10,017,379$ |
| Post planning period benefit | $\$ 1,452,800$ |
| Ineligible re: Level of Service | $\$$ |
| Mandatory 10\% deduction for certain services | $\$$ |
| Grants, subsidies and other contributions | $\$$ |
| Net Costs to be recovered from development charges | $\mathbf{\$ 1 8 , 3 0 2 , 1 7 2}$ |

Of the total $\$ 1.45$ million is growth related but outside of the forecast period. As well, $\$ 10.49$ million (or an annual amount of $\$ 2.1$ million) will need to be contributed from taxes and rates, or other sources.

Based on the previous table, the Township plans to spend $\$ 30.24$ million over the next five years of which $\$ 18.3$ million ( $61 \%$ ) is recoverable from development charges. Of this net amount, $\$ 15.2$ million is recoverable from residential development and \$3.1 million from non-residential development. It is noted also that any exemptions or reductions in the charges would reduce this recovery further.
7. Considerations by Council - The background study represents the service needs arising from residential and non-residential growth over the forecast periods. Municipal-wide services which include services related to Roads, Public Works and Fire Protection Services are calculated based on a 14 year forecast. All other municipal wide services, which include Outdoor Recreation, Indoor Recreation and Administration, are calculated based on a 10 year forecast. Urban services which include Wastewater and Water are calculated based on a 14 year urban forecast. However, Council will consider the findings and recommendations provided for in the report and, in conjunction with public input, approve such policies and rates it deems appropriate. These directions will refine the draft DC by-law which is appended in Appendix F. These decisions may include:

- adopting the charges and policies recommended herein;
- consider additional exemptions to the by-law; and
- consider reductions in the charge by class of development (obtained by removing certain services on which the charge is based and/or by a general reduction in the charge).
TABLE ES-1

| Service | RESIDENTIAL |  |  |  | NON-RESIDENTIAL <br> (per $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ of Gross Floor Area) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single and SemiDetached Dwelling | Apartments - 2 Bedrooms + | Apartments Bachelor and 1 Bedroom | Other Multiples |  |
| Municipal Wide Services: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Roads | 3,990 | 2,487 | 1,684 | 3,200 | 1.73 |
| Public Works | 728 | 454 | 307 | 584 | 0.31 |
| Fire Protection Services | 616 | 384 | 260 | 494 | 0.33 |
| Outdoor Recreation Services | 1,226 | 764 | 517 | 983 | 0.11 |
| Indoor Recreation Services | 2,153 | 1,342 | 909 | 1,727 | 0.18 |
| Administration | 1,155 | 720 | 488 | 926 | 0.51 |
| Total Municipal Wide Services | 9,868 | 6,151 | 4,165 | 7,914 | 3.17 |
| Urban Services |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater Services | 7,617 | 4,748 | 3,215 | 6,108 | 3.27 |
| Water Services | 2,893 | 1,803 | 1,221 | 2,320 | 1.24 |
| Total Urban Services | 10,510 | 6,551 | 4,436 | 8,428 | 4.51 |
| GRAND TOTAL RURAL AREA | 9,868 | 6,151 | 4,165 | 7,914 | 3.17 |
| GRAND TOTAL URBAN AREA | 20,378 | 12,702 | 8,601 | 16,342 | 7.68 |

## 1. INTRODUCTION

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### 1.1 Purpose of this Document

This background study has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Development Charges Act, 1997 (s.10), and accordingly, recommends new development charges and policies for the Township of Centre Wellington.

The Township retained Watson \& Associates Economists Ltd. (Watson), to undertake the development charges (DC) study process in 2013. Watson worked with staff of the Township and Triton Engineering in preparing this DC analysis and policy recommendations.

This Development Charge Background Study, containing the proposed Development Charge By-law, will be distributed to members of the public in order to provide interested parties with sufficient background information on the legislation, the study's recommendations and an outline of the basis for these recommendations.

This report has been prepared, in the first instance, to meet the statutory requirements applicable to the Township's Development Charge Background Study, as summarized in Chapter 4. It also addresses the requirement for "rules" (contained in Chapter 7) and the proposed by-law to be made available as part of the approval process (included as Appendix F).

In addition, the report is designed to set out sufficient background on the legislation (Chapter 4), current Centre Wellington' DC policy (Chapter 2) and the policies underlying the proposed bylaws, to make the exercise understandable to those who are involved.

Finally, it addresses post-adoption implementation requirements (Chapter 8) which are critical to the successful application of the new policy.

The Chapters in the report are supported by Appendices containing the data required to explain and substantiate the calculation of the charge. A full discussion of the statutory requirements for the preparation of a background study and calculation of a development charge is provided herein.

### 1.2 Summary of the Process

The Public Meeting required under section 12 of the Development Charges Act, 1997, has been scheduled for September 23, 2013. Its purpose is to present the study to the public and to solicit public input. The meeting is also being held to answer any questions regarding the study's purpose, methodology and the proposed modifications to the Township's development charges.

In accordance with the legislation, the background study and proposed DC by-law will be available for public review on August 27, 2013.

The process to be followed in finalizing the report and recommendations includes:

- consideration of responses received prior to, at or immediately following the Public Meeting; and
- finalization of the report and Council consideration of the by-laws subsequent to the public meeting.

Figure 1-1 outlines the proposed schedule to be followed with respect to the development charge by-law adoption process.

FIGURE 1-1

## SCHEDULE OF KEY DEVELOPMENT CHARGE PROCESS DATES FOR THE TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON

| 1. | Data collection | Early to Mid, 2013 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 2. | Public Meeting Ad placed in newspaper(s) | August $28 \& 30,2013$ |
| 3. | Background study and proposed by-law available to public | August 27, 2013 |
| 4. | Stakeholder Meeting | September 16, 2013 |
| 5. | Public meeting of Council | September 23, 2013 |
| 6. | Council considers adoption of background study and passage of by-law | Subsequent to Public <br> Meeting |
| 7. | Newspaper notice given of by-law passage | By 20 days after passage |
| 8. | Last day for by-law appeal | 40 days after passage |
| 9. | Township makes available pamphlet (where by-law not appealed) | By 60 days after in force <br> date |

## 2. CURRENT TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON POLICY

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### 2.1 Schedule of Charges

On January 18, 2010, the Township of Centre Wellington passed By-law Number 2010-002 under the Development Charges Act, 1997. The by-law came into effect on January 19, 2010. It imposes development charges on residential and non-residential uses.

Table 2-1 provides the rates currently in effect (as well as a breakdown of the charges by service) as at January 1, 2013.

TABLE 2-1
CENTRE WELLINGTON DEVELOPMENT CHARGES
AS AT JANUARY 1, 2013

| Service | Residential |  |  |  | Non-Residential <br> per $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single \& Semi Detached | Other Multiples | Apartments with >= 2 Bedrooms | Apartments with < 2 <br> Bedrooms |  |
| Roads | \$4,378 | \$3,512 | \$2,730 | \$1,876 | \$2.48 |
| Public Works | 637 | 509 | 396 | 273 | 0.36 |
| Fire Protection Services | 524 | 421 | 326 | 225 | 0.28 |
| Outdoor Recreation Services | 1,524 | 1,221 | 949 | 653 | 0.11 |
| Indoor Recreation Services | 2,843 | 2,280 | 1,772 | 1,218 | 0.20 |
| Administration | 382 | 306 | 239 | 164 | 0.20 |
| Sub-total | 10,288 | 8,249 | 6,412 | 4,409 | 3.63 |
| Wastewater Services | 6,084 | 4,880 | 3,794 | 2,608 | 3.56 |
| Water Services | 2,818 | 2,261 | 1,756 | 1,208 | 1.65 |
| Sub-total | 8,902 | 7,141 | 5,550 | 3,816 | 5.21 |
| Total | \$19,190 | \$15,390 | \$11,962 | \$8,225 | \$8.84 |

### 2.2 Services Covered

The following are the services covered under By-law 2010-002:

- Roads;
- Public Works;
- Fire Protection Services;
- Outdoor Recreation Services;
- Indoor Recreation Services;
- Administration;
- Wastewater Services (Urban serviced areas); and
- Water Services (Urban serviced areas).


### 2.3 Timing of DC Calculation and Payment

Development charges are calculated and payable in full in money or by provision of services as may be agreed upon, or by credit granted under the Act, on the date that the first building permit is issued in relation to a building or structure on land to which a development charge applies.

### 2.4 Indexing

By-law 2010-002 provides for the annual indexing of charges on January 1st of each year, without amendment to the by-law, in accordance with the prescribed index in the Act.

### 2.5 Redevelopment Allowance

A redevelopment allowance shall be allowed where, as a result of development, a building or structure existing on the land within 60 months was or is to be demolished in whole or in part or converted from one principal use to another principal use on the same land.

An allowance can, in no case, exceed the amount of the development charge that would otherwise be payable.

### 2.6 Exemptions

The following exemptions are provided under By-law 2010-002:
a) Statutory exemptions:

- a board of education;
- the Township or a local board thereof;
- the Corporation of the County of Wellington or a local board thereof;
- an enlargement to an existing dwelling unit;
- one or two additional dwelling units in an existing single detached dwelling; or
- one additional dwelling unit in any other existing residential building.
b) Non-Statutory exemptions:
- one or more enlargements of an existing industrial building on its site, up to a maximum of fifty percent of the gross floor area;
- a temporary use by-law amendment in accordance with section 39 of the Planning Act;
- a place of worship or buildings for purposes of a churchyard or cemetery;
- non-residential farm buildings constructed for bona fide farm uses;
- a building permit issued against a development to which the full lot levy, under the

Planning Act, was paid prior to the Development Charges Act, 1989 coming into force; and

- partial exemption of $59 \%$ of the urban area residential charge for apartment units located within commercial buildings and a $72 \%$ partial exemption of the urban area non-residential charge for non-residential development, located within Fergus and Elora Downtown Cores, as defined by the Central Business District designation in the County and/or Municipal Official Plan.


## 3. ANTICIPATED DEVELOPMENT IN THE TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON

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### 3.1 Requirement of the Act

Chapter 4 provides the methodology for calculating a development charge as per the Development Charges Act, 1997. Figure 4-1 presents this methodology graphically. It is noted in the first box of the schematic that in order to determine the development charge that may be imposed, it is a requirement of Section 5 (1) of the Development Charges Act that "the anticipated amount, type and location of development, for which development charges can be imposed, must be estimated".

The growth forecast contained in this chapter (with supplemental tables in Appendix A) provides for the anticipated development for which the Township of Centre Wellington will be required to provide services for over a ten-year (2013-2023) and a longer term (2013-2026) time horizon.

### 3.2 Basis of Population, Household and Non-Residential Gross Floor Area Forecast

In compiling the growth forecast projections for the Township of Centre Wellington, the following reports were consulted to help assess annual development activity over the forecast period; including:

- 2012 Wellington County Development Charges Background Study - The population, housing and employment projections contained within the 2012 Wellington County DC Background study have been reviewed regarding the amount, location and timing of growth identified for Centre Wellington. These projections were used as the basis for the housing and employment growth analysis contained herein.
- Wellington County Official Plan May 6, 1999 (Revised 2011) - During the preparation of the 2013 Centre Wellington Development Charges Background Study, Wellington County's Official Plan has been reviewed with respect to the forecast pertaining to population, households and employment for the Township of Centre Wellington.
- Wellington County Population, Housing and Employment Forecast Update, 20062031, Final, April 24, 2008 - The results of this growth forecast update were used as a background to the County's OP review and formed the growth component of the County's 2007 Development Charges (DC) Background Study (approved January, 2008).


### 3.3 Summary of Growth Forecast

A detailed analysis of the residential and non-residential growth forecasts is provided in Appendix A, and the methodology employed is illustrated in Figure 3-1. The discussion provided herein summarizes the anticipated growth for the Township and describes the basis for the forecast. The results of the residential growth forecast analysis are summarized in Table 3-1 and Schedule 1 in Appendix A.

As identified in Table 3-1 and Schedule 1, the Township's population is anticipated to reach approximately 34,800 by 2023 and 37,200 by 2026, resulting in an increase of 7,200 and 9,580 persons respectively over the 10 year and 13 year forecast period. ${ }^{1}$

FIGURE 3-1
HOUSEHOLD FORMATION - BASED ON POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLD PROJECTION MODEL


[^0]TABLE 3-1
TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON
RESIDENTIAL GROWTH FORECAST SUMMARY

| Year | Population (Excluding Census Undercount) | Population (Including Census Undercount) ${ }^{1}$ | Housing Units |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Singles \& Semi Detached | Multiple Dwellings ${ }^{2}$ | Apartments ${ }^{3}$ | Other | Total Households | Person Per Unit (PPU) |
| Mid 2001 | 24,260 | 25,410 | 7,120 | 500 | 945 | 30 | 8,595 | 2.82 |
| Mid 2006 | 26,049 | 27,290 | 7,660 | 505 | 1,185 | 185 | 9,535 | 2.73 |
| Mid 2011 | 26,680 | 27,950 | 7,930 | 445 | 1,350 | 220 | 9,945 | 2.68 |
| Mid 2013 | 27,644 | 28,960 | 8,177 | 486 | 1,432 | 220 | 10,315 | 2.68 |
| Mid 2023 | 34,847 | 36,500 | 10,359 | 930 | 1,493 | 220 | 13,002 | 2.68 |
| Mid 2026 | 37,230 | 39,000 | 11,080 | 1,076 | 1,514 | 220 | 13,890 | 2.68 |
| Mid 2001 - Mid 2006 | 1,789 | 1,880 | 540 | 5 | 240 | 155 | 940 |  |
| Mid 2006 - Mid 2011 | 631 | 660 | 270 | -60 | 165 | 35 | 410 |  |
| Mid 2011 - Mid 2013 | 964 | 1,010 | 247 | 41 | 82 | 0 | 370 |  |
| Mid 2013 - Mid 2023 | 7,203 | 7,540 | 2,182 | 443 | 62 | 0 | 2,687 |  |
| Mid 2013 - Mid 2026 | 9,585 | 10,040 | 2,903 | 590 | 82 | 0 | 3,575 |  |

Source: Watson \& Associates Economists Ltd., 2013. Derived from 2012 Wellington County DC Background Study, Wellington County Population, Housing and Employment Forecast Update, 2006-2031 and Wellington County Official Plan, May 6, 1999 (Revised February 24, 2011)

1. Census Undercount estimated at approximately $4.75 \%$. Note: Population Including the Undercount has been rounded.
2. Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes
3. Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

[^1]1. Growth Forecast represents start year.

## 1. Unit Mix (Appendix A - Schedules 2 and 7)

- The unit mix for the Township, outlined in Schedule 2, was derived from historical development activity (as per Schedule 7, Appendix A), as well as through discussions with planning staff regarding the anticipated development trends for the Township.
- Based on the above indicators, the 13-year household growth forecast is comprised of a unit mix of $81 \%$ low density (single family and semi-detached), $17 \%$ medium density (multiples except apartments) and $2 \%$ high density (bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom apartments).

2. Geographic Location of Residential Development, Appendix A - Schedules 2 and 6a

- Schedule 2 summarizes the anticipated amount, type and location of development for Centre Wellington by urban and rural area, while Schedule 6a summarizes the potential housing supply for the urban and rural housing units in the development process and vacant designated urban residential lands.
- In accordance with available supply and anticipated demand, housing growth has been allocated to the following areas over the 14-year forecast period:
o Fergus-65\%
0 Elora - 30\%
0 Rural-5\%


## 3. Planning Period

- Short, medium and longer-term time horizons are required for the DC process. The DCA limits the planning horizon for certain services such as parks, recreation and libraries to a 10-year planning horizon. Roads, water and wastewater services utilize a longer planning period.


## 4. Population in New Units (Appendix A - Schedules 2 through 5)

- The number of permanent housing units to be constructed in Centre Wellington during the short, medium and long term period is presented on Figure 3-2 (an average of approximately 275 total housing units per annum over the 14-year time horizon).
- Population in new units are derived from Schedules 3, 4, and 5, which incorporate historical development activity, anticipated units (see unit mix discussion), and average persons per unit by dwelling type for new units.
- Schedule 8a summarizes the PPU for the new low density housing units by age and type of dwelling based on a 2006 custom census data. The total calculated PPU for low density has been adjusted to account for the downward PPU trend which has been recently experienced in both new and older units, largely due to the aging of the population. For the low density dwelling type the adjusted 20-year average PPU is:
- Low-density: 3.08
- Due to limited data availability, the Upper Tier (Wellington County) PPU for medium and high density PPU were used for the purposes of this study (Schedule 8b). Similar to Centre Wellington, the total calculated PPU for medium and high density for Wellington County have also been adjusted to account for the downward PPU trend. For medium and high density dwelling types the adjusted 20-year average PPU's are the following:
- Medium-density: 2.47
- High-density: 1.69

5. Existing Units and Population Change (Appendix A - Schedules 3, 4b, 4c and 7)

- Existing households for Mid 2013 are based on the 2011 Census households, plus estimated residential units constructed between mid 2011 and mid 2012 assuming a six month lag between construction and occupancy (see Schedule 3).
- The decline in average occupancy levels for existing housing units are calculated in Schedules 3 through 5, by aging the existing population over the forecast period. The forecast population decline in existing households over the 14 year forecast period is approximately 960.

6. Employment (Appendix A, Schedule 10a, 10b, 12)

- Employment projections are largely based on the activity rate method, which is defined as the number of jobs in a municipality divided by the number of residents. Key employment sectors include primary, industrial, commercial/population related, institutional, and work at home, which are considered individually below.
- 2011 employment estimate ${ }^{1}$ (place of work) for the Township of Centre Wellington is outlined in Schedule 10a. The 2006 employment based is comprised of the following sectors:
- 130 primary (1\%);
- 1,660 work at home employment (18\%);
- 2,600 industrial (28\%);
- 3,295 commercial/population related (36\%); and
- 1,595 institutional (17\%).
- This provides a total employment figure of 9,280 based on the 2011 Census estimate, excluding employees with no fixed place of work (NFPOW). ${ }^{2}$
- Total employment ${ }^{3}$ for Centre Wellington is anticipated to reach approximately 12,250 by Mid-2023, 13,170 by Mid-2026. This represents an employment increase of 2,520 for the 10 -year period, and 3,450 for the 14 -year forecast period.
- Schedule 10b, Appendix A summarizes the employment forecast excluding work at home employment and NFPOW employment, which is the basis for the DC employment forecast. The impact on municipal services from these employees has already been included in the population forecast. Accordingly, work at home and NFPOW employees have been removed from the DC calculation.
- Total employment for the Township of Wellington North (excluding work at home and NFPOW employment) is anticipated to reach approximately 10,560 by Mid 2026. This represents an employment increase of 2,550 during the 14-year forecast period.


## 7. Non-Residential Sq. Ft. Estimates (Gross Floor Area (GFA), Appendix A, Schedule 10b)

- Square footage estimates were calculated in Schedule 10 based on the following employee density assumptions:
- 1300 sq. ft. per employee for industrial;
- 500 sq. ft. per employee for commercial/population related; and
- 700 sq. ft. per employee for institutional employment.

[^2]- The Township-wide incremental Gross Floor Area (GFA) increase is anticipated to be 1,607,900 over the 10-year forecast period, and 2,101,500 over the 14-year forecast period.
- In terms of percentage growth, the 14-year incremental GFA forecast by sector is broken down as follows:
- Industrial 55\%;
- Commercial/Population Related 28\%; and
- Institutional 17\%.


## 4. THE APPROACH TO CALCULATION OF THE CHARGE

## 4. THE APPROACH TO CALCULATION OF THE CHARGE

### 4.1 Introduction

This chapter addresses the requirements of s.s.5(1) of the DCA, 1997 with respect to the establishment of the need for service which underpins the development charge calculation. These requirements are illustrated schematically in Figure 4-1.

### 4.2 Services Potentially Involved

Table 4-1 lists the full range of municipal service categories which are provided within the Township.

A number of these services are defined in s.s.2(4) of the DCA, 1997 as being ineligible for inclusion in development charges. These are shown as "ineligible" on Table 4-1. Two ineligible costs defined in s.s.5(3) of the DCA are "computer equipment" and "rolling stock with an estimated useful life of (less than) seven years..." In addition, local roads are covered separately under subdivision agreements and related means (as are other local services). Services which are potentially eligible for inclusion in the Township's development charge are indicated with a "Yes"."

### 4.3 Increase in the Need for Service

The development charge calculation commences with an estimate of "the increase in the need for service attributable to the anticipated development," for each service to be covered by the by-law. There must be some form of link or attribution between the anticipated development and the estimated increase in the need for service. While the need could conceivably be expressed generally in terms of units of capacity, s.s.5(1)3, which requires that Municipal Council indicate that it intends to ensure that such an increase in need will be met, suggests that a project-specific expression of need would be most appropriate.

Figure 4-1
The Process of Calculating a Development Charge Under the DCA, 1997


TABLE 4-1
CATEGORIES OF MUNICIPAL SERVICES
TO BE ADDRESSED AS PART OF THE CALCULATION

| CATEGORIES OF MUNICIPAL SERVICES | ELIGIBILITY FOR <br> INCLUSION IN THE DC CALCULATION | SERVICE COMPONENTS | MAXIMUM POTENTIAL DC RECOVERY \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Services Related to a Highway | Yes <br> Yes <br> No <br> Yes <br> Yes | 1.1 Arterial roads <br> 1.2 Collector roads <br> 1.3 Local Roads <br> 1.4 Traffic signals <br> 1.5 Sidewalks and streetlights | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 100 \\ 0 \\ 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ |
| 2. Other Transportation Services | n/a <br> n/a <br> n/a <br> No <br> Yes <br> Yes <br> n/a <br> n/a | 2.1 Transit vehicles <br> 2.2 Other transit infrastructure <br> 2.3 Municipal parking spaces - indoor <br> 2.4 Municipal parking spaces - outdoor <br> 2.5 Works Yards <br> 2.6 Rolling stock ${ }^{1}$ <br> 2.7 Ferries <br> 2.8 Airport facilities | $\begin{array}{r} 90 \\ 90 \\ 90 \\ 90 \\ 100 \\ 100 \\ 90 \\ 90 \end{array}$ |
| 3. Storm Water Drainage and Control Services | No <br> No <br> No | 3.1 Main channels and drainage trunks <br> 3.2 Channel connections <br> 3.3 Retention/detention ponds | 100 100 100 |
| 4. Fire Protection Services | Yes <br> Yes <br> Yes | 4.1 Fire stations <br> 4.2 Fire pumpers, aerials and rescue vehicles <br> 4.3 Small equipment and gear | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 100 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ |
| 5. Outdoor Recreation Services (i.e. Parks and Open Space) | Ineligible <br> Yes <br> Yes <br> Yes <br> Yes <br> Yes | 5.1 Acquisition of land for parks, woodlots and ESAs <br> 5.2 Development of area municipal parks <br> 5.3 Development of district parks <br> 5.4 Development of Region-wide parks <br> 5.5 Development of special purpose parks <br> 5.6 Parks rolling stock ${ }^{1}$ and yards | 0 90 90 90 90 90 |
| 6. Indoor Recreation Services | Yes <br> Yes | 6.1 Arenas, indoor pools, fitness facilities, community centres, etc. (including land) <br> 6.2 Recreation vehicles and equipment ${ }^{1}$ | 90 90 |
| 7. Library Services | n/a n/a | 7.1 Public library space (incl. furniture and equipment) 7.2 Library materials | 90 90 |
| 8. Electrical Power Services | Ineligible Ineligible Ineligible | 8.1 Electrical substations <br> 8.2 Electrical distribution system <br> 8.3 Electrical system rolling stock ${ }^{1}$ | 0 0 0 |
| 9. Provision of Cultural, Entertainment and Tourism Facilities and Convention Centres | Ineligible <br> Ineligible | 9.1 Cultural space (e.g. art galleries, museums and theatres) <br> 9.2 Tourism facilities and convention centres | 0 0 |

[^3]| CATEGORIES OF MUNICIPAL SERVICES | ELIGIBILITY FOR <br> INCLUSION IN THE DC CALCULATION | SERVICE COMPONENTS | MAXIMUM POTENTIAL DC RECOVERY \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. Water Supply Services | Yes <br> Yes <br> No | 10.1 Treatment plants <br> 10.2 Distribution systems <br> 10.3 Local systems | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 100 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |
| 11. Wastewater Supply Services | Yes <br> Yes <br> No | 11.1 Treatment plants <br> 11.2 Collection systems <br> 11.3 Local systems | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 100 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |
| 12. Waste Management Services | Ineligible <br> Ineligible Ineligible | 12.1 Collection, transfer vehicles and equipment <br> 12.2 Landfills and other disposal facilities <br> 12.3 Other waste diversion facilities | 0 0 0 |
| 13. Police Services | n/a <br> n/a <br> n/a | 13.1 Police detachments <br> 13.2 Police rolling stock ${ }^{1}$ <br> 13.3 Small equipment and gear | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 100 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ |
| 14. Homes for the Aged | n/a | 14.1 Homes for the aged space | 90 |
| 15. Day Care | n/a | 15.1 Day care space | 90 |
| 16. Health | n/a | 16.1 Health department space | 90 |
| 17. Social Services | n/a | 17.1 Social service space | 90 |
| 18. Ambulance | n/a $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 18.1 Ambulance station space 18.2 Vehicles ${ }^{1}$ | 90 90 |
| 19. Hospital Provision | Ineligible | 19.1 Hospital capital contributions |  |
| 20. Provision of Headquarters for the General Administration of Municipalities and Area Municipal Boards | Ineligible Ineligible Ineligible | 20.1 Office space (all services) <br> 20.2 Office furniture <br> 20.3 Computer equipment | 0 0 0 |
| 21. Other Services | Yes <br> Yes | 21.1 Studies in connection with acquiring buildings, rolling stock, materials and equipment, and improving land ${ }^{2}$ and facilities, including the DC background study cost <br> 21.2 Interest on money borrowed to pay for growth-related capital | $\begin{aligned} & 0-100 \\ & 0-100 \end{aligned}$ |


| Eligibility for <br> Inclusion in the DC <br> Calculation |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Yes | Municipality provides the service - service has been included in the DC Calculation |
| No | Municipality provides the service - service has not been included in the DC Calculation |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |  |
| Ineligible | Municipality does not provide the service |
| Service is ineligible for inclusion in the DC calculation |  |

### 4.4 Local Service Policy

Some of the need for services generated by additional development consists of local services related to a plan of subdivision. As such, they will be required as a condition of subdivision agreements or consent conditions.

### 4.5 Capital Forecast

Paragraph 7 of s.s.5(1) of the DCA requires that "the capital costs necessary to provide the increased services must be estimated." The Act goes on to require two potential cost reductions and the Regulation sets out the way in which such costs are to be presented. These requirements are outlined below.

These estimates involve capital costing of the increased services discussed above. This entails costing actual projects or the provision of service units, depending on how each service has been addressed.

The capital costs include:
a) costs to acquire land or an interest therein (including a leasehold interest);
b) costs to improve land;
c) costs to acquire, lease, construct or improve buildings and structures;
d) costs to acquire, lease or improve facilities including rolling stock (with useful life of 7 or more years), furniture and equipment (other than computer equipment), materials acquired for library circulation, reference or information purposes;
e) interest on money borrowed to pay for the above-referenced costs;
f) costs to undertake studies in connection with the above-referenced matters; and
g) costs of the development charge background study.

In order for an increase in need for service to be included in the DC calculation, Municipal Council must indicate "...that it intends to ensure that such an increase in need will be met" (s.s. 5 (1)3). This can be done if the increase in service forms part of a Council-approved Official Plan, capital forecast or similar expression of the intention of Council (O.Reg. 82/98 s.3). The capital program contained herein reflects the Township's approved and proposed capital budgets and master servicing/needs studies.

### 4.6 Treatment of Credits

Section 8 para. 5 of O.Reg. 82/98 indicates that a development charge background study must set out, "The estimated value of credits that are being carried forward relating to the service." s.s. 17 para. 4 of the same Regulation indicates that, "...The value of the credit cannot be
recovered from future development charges," if the credit pertains to an ineligible service. This implies that a credit for eligible services can be recovered from future development charges. As a result, this provision should be made in the calculation, in order to avoid a funding shortfall with respect to future service needs. Outstanding DC credit obligations that would affect the development charge calculation have been included in the calculations.

### 4.7 Eligible Debt and Committed Excess Capacity

Section 66 of the DCA, 1997 states that for the purposes of developing a development charge by-law, a debt incurred with respect to an eligible service may be included as a capital cost, subject to any limitations or reductions in the Act. Similarly, s. 18 of O.Reg. 82/98 indicates that debt with respect to an ineligible service may be included as a capital cost, subject to several restrictions.

In order for such costs to be eligible, two conditions must apply. First, they must have funded excess capacity which is able to meet service needs attributable to the anticipated development. Second, the excess capacity must be "committed," that is, either before or at the time it was created, Council must have expressed a clear intention that it would be paid for by development charges or other similar charges. For example, this may have been done as part of previous development charge processes. It is noted that projects which have been debentured to date and to which the principal and interest costs need to be recovered are included within the capital detail sheets.

### 4.8 Existing Reserve Funds

Section 35 of the DCA states that:
"The money in a reserve fund established for a service may be spent only for capital costs determined under paragraphs 2 to 8 of subsection 5(1)."

There is no explicit requirement under the DCA calculation method set out in s.s.5(1) to net the outstanding reserve fund balance as part of making the DC calculation; however, s. 35 does restrict the way in which the funds are used in future.

For services which are subject to a per capita-based, service level "cap," the reserve fund balance should be applied against the development-related costs for which the charge was imposed, once the project is constructed (i.e. the needs of recent growth). This cost component is distinct from the development-related costs for the next 10 year period, which underlie the DC calculation herein.

The alternative would involve the Township spending all reserve fund monies prior to renewing each by-law, which would not be a sound basis for capital budgeting. Thus, the Township will
use these reserve funds for the Township's cost share of applicable development-related projects, which are required but have not yet been undertaken, as a way of directing the funds to the benefit of the development which contributed them (rather than to future development, which will generate the need for additional facilities directly proportionate to future growth).

The Township's Development Charge Reserve Fund Balance by service at December 31, 2012 is shown below:

| Service | Totals |
| :--- | ---: |
| Roads | $\$ 2,434,160.00$ |
| Roads Related | $(\$ 47,375.00)$ |
| Fire Protection Services | $\$ 39,303.00$ |
| Outdoor Recreation Services | $(\$ 347,325.00$ |
| Indoor Recreation Services | $(\$ 595,7903.00)$ |
| Administration | $\$ 349,011.00$ |
| Wastewater Services | $\$ 6,011,816.00$ |
| Water Services |  |
| Total |  |

### 4.9 Deductions

The DCA, 1997 potentially requires that five deductions be made to the increase in the need for service. These relate to:

- The level of service ceiling;
- Uncommitted excess capacity;
- Benefit to existing development;
- Anticipated grants, subsidies and other contributions; and
- $10 \%$ reduction for certain services.

The requirements behind each of these reductions are addressed as follows:

### 4.9.1 Reduction Required by Level of Service Ceiling

This is designed to ensure that the increase in need included in 4.2 does "...not include an increase that would result in the level of service (for the additional development increment) exceeding the average level of the service provided in the City over the 10-year period immediately preceding the preparation of the background study..." O.Reg 82.98 (s.4) goes further to indicate that "...both the quantity and quality of a service shall be taken into account in determining the level of service and the average level of service."

In many cases, this can be done by establishing a quantity measure in terms of units as floor area, land area or road length per capita and a quality measure, in terms of the average cost of
providing such units based on replacement costs, engineering standards or recognized performance measurement systems, depending on circumstances. When the quantity and quality factor are multiplied together, they produce a measure of the level of service, which meets the requirements of the Act, i.e. cost per unit.

The average service level calculation sheets for each service component in the DC calculation are set out in Appendix B.

### 4.9.2 Reduction for Uncommitted Excess Capacity

Paragraph 5 of s.s.5(1) requires a deduction from the increase in the need for service attributable to the anticipated development that can be met using the Township's "excess capacity," other than excess capacity which is "committed" (discussed above in 4.6).
"Excess capacity" is undefined, but in this case must be able to meet some or all of the increase in need for service, in order to potentially represent a deduction. The deduction of uncommitted excess capacity from the future increase in the need for service, would normally occur as part of the conceptual planning and feasibility work associated with justifying and sizing new facilities, e.g. if a road widening to accommodate increase traffic is not required because sufficient excess capacity is already available, then widening would not be included as an increase in need, in the first instance.

### 4.9.3 Reduction for Benefit to Existing Development

This step involves a further reduction to the need, by the extent to which such an increase in service would benefit existing development. The level of services cap in 4.4 is related, but is not the identical requirement. Sanitary, storm and water trunks are highly localized to growth areas and can be more readily allocated in this regard than other services such as roads which do not have a fixed service area.

Where existing development has an adequate service level, which will not be tangibly increased by an increase in service, no benefit would appear to be involved. For example, where expanding existing library facilities simply replicates what existing residents are receiving, they receive very limited (or no) benefit as a result. On the other hand, where a clear existing service problem is to be remedied, a deduction should be made, accordingly.

In the case of services such as recreation facilities, community parks, libraries, etc., the service is typically provided on a municipal-wide system basis. For example, facilities of the same type may provide different services (i.e. leisure pool vs. competitive pool), different programs (i.e. hockey vs. figure skating) and different time availability for the same service (i.e. leisure skating available on Wednesday in one arena and Thursday in another). As a result, residents will
travel to different facilities to access the services they want at the times they wish to use them, and facility location generally does not correlate directly with residence location. Even where it does, displacing users from an existing facility to a new facility frees up capacity for use by others and generally results in only a very limited benefit to existing development. Further, where an increase in demand is not met for a number of years, a negative service impact to existing development is involved for a portion of the planning period.

### 4.9.4 Reduction for Anticipated Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions

This step involves reducing the capital costs necessary to provide the increased services by capital grants, subsidies and other contributions made or anticipated by Council and in accordance with various rules such as the attribution between the share related to new vs. existing development. (i.e. some grants and contributions may not specifically be applicable to growth, such as the COMRIF Grant program or where Council targets fundraising as a measure to offset impacts on taxes.) O.Reg 82.98 .s.6.

### 4.9.5 The $10 \%$ Reduction

Paragraph 8 of s.s.(1) of the DCA requires that, "the capital costs must be reduced by 10 percent." This paragraph does not apply to water supply services, waste water services, storm water drainage and control services, services related to a highway, police and fire protection services. The primary services that the $10 \%$ reduction does apply to include services such as parks, recreation, libraries, childcare/social services, Provincial Offences Act, ambulance, homes for the aged, health and transit.

The $10 \%$ is to be netted from the capital costs necessary to provide the increased services, once the other deductions have been made, as per the infrastructure costs sheets in Chapter 5.

## 5. DEVELOPMENT CHARGE ELIGIBLE COST ANALYSIS BY SERVICE

## 5. DEVELOPMENT CHARGE ELIGIBLE COST ANALYSIS BY SERVICE

### 5.1 Introduction

This chapter outlines the basis for calculating development charge eligible costs for the development charges to be applied on a uniform basis. In each case, the required calculation process set out in s.5(1) paragraphs 2 to 8 in the DCA, 1997, and described in Chapter 4, was followed in determining DC eligible costs.

The nature of the capital projects and timing identified in the Chapter reflects Council's current intention. However, over time, municipal projects and Council priorities change and accordingly, Council's intentions may alter, and different capital projects (and timing) may be required to meet the need for services required by new growth.

### 5.2 Service Levels and 10-Year Capital Costs for DC Calculation

This section evaluates the development-related capital requirements for all of the "softer" services over a ten-year planning period. Each service component is evaluated on two format sheets: the average historical ten-year level of service calculation (see Appendix B), which "caps" the DC amounts; and the infrastructure cost calculation, which determines the potential DC recoverable cost.

### 5.2.1 Administration

The DCA permits the inclusion of studies undertaken to facilitate completion of the Township's capital works program. The Township has made provision for the inclusion of new studies undertaken to facilitate this DC process, as well as other studies which benefit growth (in whole or part). The listing of studies included in the DC includes the following:

- Development Charges Studies;
- Planning Studies;
- Municipal Servicing Standard Updates;
- Growth Strategy
- Parks, Recreation \& Culture Master Plans \& Studies;
- Trails Master Plan;
- Fire Mater Plan;
- Heritage Master Plan;
- Transportation Plan; and
- Water and Stormwater Studies.

The cost of these studies is $\$ 3,365,000$, of which $\$ 153,750$ is existing benefit and the balance associated with growth over the forecast period. In addition to these studies, outstanding credits have been included totalling $\$ 68,561$ and an adjustment for the reserve fund balance has been included for $\$ 595,800$. The net growth-related capital cost, after the mandatory $10 \%$ deduction and the application of the existing reserve balance, is $\$ 3,790,686$ and has been included in the development charge. This cost has been allocated $78 \%$ residential and $22 \%$ non-residential based on the incremental growth in population to employment, for the 10-year forecast period.

Centre Wellington
Service: Administration Studies

| Prj.No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development | Timing (year) | Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2013 \$) | Post Period Benefit | Other Deductions | Net Capital Cost | Less: |  | Subtotal |  | Potential DC Recoverable Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benefit to Existing Development | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development |  |  | Total | Residential Share 78\% | NonResidential Share $22 \%$ |
| 1 | Development Charges Study | 2013 | 64,000 | - |  | 64,000 | - |  | 64,000 | 6,400 | 57,600 | 45,190 | 12,410 |
| 2 | Development Charges Study | 2018 | 64,000 | - |  | 64,000 | - |  | 64,000 | 6,400 | 57,600 | 45,190 | 12,410 |
| 3 | Official Plan Review | 2015 \& 2020 | 140,000 | - |  | 140,000 | 35,000 |  | 105,000 | 10,500 | 94,500 | 74,140 | 20,360 |
| 4 | Transportation Plan | 2013-2015 | 250,000 | - |  | 250,000 | - |  | 250,000 |  | 250,000 | 196,139 | 53,861 |
| 5 | Municipal Servicing Standards Update | 2013-2019 | 35,000 | - |  | 35,000 | - |  | 35,000 | 3,500 | 31,500 | 24,713 | 6,787 |
| 6 | Zoning By-Law Review | 2016 \& 2021 | 21,000 | - |  | 21,000 | 5,250 |  | 15,750 | 1,575 | 14,175 | 11,121 | 3,054 |
| 7 | Sub-Watershed Study for Community Planning Area - Phase II | 2013 | 125,000 | - |  | 125,000 | - |  | 125,000 |  | 125,000 | 98,069 | 26,931 |
| 8 | Trails Master Plan Study | 2013 | 64,000 | - |  | 64,000 | 16,000 |  | 48,000 | 4,800 | 43,200 | 33,893 | 9,307 |
| 9 | Update Parks, Recreation \& Culture Master Plan | 2014-2015 | 70,000 | - |  | 70,000 | 17,500 |  | 52,500 | 5,250 | 47,250 | 37,070 | 10,180 |
| 10 | Indoor Recreation Facility Feasibility Study | 2016-2017 | 43,000 | - |  | 43,000 | - |  | 43,000 | 4,300 | 38,700 | 30,362 | 8,338 |
| 11 | Fire Master Plan | 2015 | 54,000 | - |  | 54,000 | - |  | 54,000 |  | 54,000 | 42,366 | 11,634 |
| 12 | Growth Strategy | 2013-2014 | 186,000 | - |  | 186,000 | - |  | 186,000 | 18,600 | 167,400 | 131,335 | 36,065 |
| 13 | Update to Growth Strategy | 2018-2019 | 186,000 | - |  | 186,000 | - |  | 186,000 | 18,600 | 167,400 | 131,335 | 36,065 |
| 14 | Long Term Water Supply Strategy | 2013 | 1,313,000 | - |  | 1,313,000 | - |  | 1,313,000 |  | 1,313,000 | 1,030,121 | 282,879 |
| 15 | Tier 3 Water Quantity Risk Assessment | 2014 | 500,000 | - |  | 500,000 | - |  | 500,000 |  | 500,000 | 392,278 | 107,722 |
| 16 | Heritage Master Plan | 2015 | 100,000 | - |  | 100,000 | 50,000 |  | 50,000 | 5,000 | 45,000 | 35,305 | 9,695 |
| 17 | Stormwater Master Plan | 2015 | 150,000 | - |  | 150,000 | 30,000 |  | 120,000 |  | 120,000 | 94,147 | 25,853 |
|  | Agreement Credits: |  |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - | - | - |
| 18 | Sub-Watershed Study for Community Planning Area - Phase I-Credits | 2013-2021 | 68,561 | - |  | 68,561 | - |  | 68,561 |  | 68,561 | 53,790 | 14,771 |
| 15 | Reserve Adjustment |  | 595,800 | - |  | 595,800 | - |  | 595,800 |  | 595,800 | 467,438 | 128,362 |
|  | Total |  | 4,029,361 | - | - | 4,029,361 | 153,750 | - | 3,875,611 | 84,925 | 3,790,686 | 2,974,002 | 816,684 |

### 5.2.2 Indoor Recreation Services

With respect to indoor recreation facilities, there are currently several facilities provided by the Township amounting to a total of 175,091 sq.ft of space. The average historic level of service for the previous ten years has been approximately 6.18 sq.ft. of space per capita or an investment of $\$ 1,777$ per capita. Based on this service standard, the Township would be eligible to collect $\$ 12,797,786$ from DC's for facility space.

The Township has provided for an expansion to the Victoria Park Senior Centre, a dedicated youth space and a provision for additional indoor facility space. The gross capital cost of these projects is $\$ 3,000,000$ million. A reserve fund adjustment has also been made to include the $\$ 344,793$ current deficit (as of Dec. 31, 2012). Further, debenture principal of $\$ 2,597,771$ and discounted interest costs of $\$ 848,830$ have been included. The total gross capital cost to be included is $\$ 6,791,394$ of which $\$ 657,136$ attributable to post period benefit. Therefore the balance before the mandatory $10 \%$ deduction is $\$ 6,134,258$. The net growth capital cost after the mandatory $10 \%$ deduction is $\$ 5,834,258$ and has been included in the development charge.

While indoor recreation service usage is predominately residential-based, there is some use of the facility by non-residential users. To acknowledge this use the growth-related capital costs have been allocated 95\% residential and 5\% non-residential.
Centre Wellington
Service Indoor Recreation Facilities

| Prj.No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development <br> 2013-2022 | Timing (year) | Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2013 \$) | Post PeriodBenefit | Other Deductions | Net Capital Cost | Less: |  | Subtotal |  | Potential DC Recoverable Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benefit to Existing Development | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development |  |  | Total | Residential Share 95\% | NonResidential Share $5 \%$ |
| 1 | Recreation Facility - Debt Costs Growth Related Principal | 2013-2025 | 2,597,771 | 624,941 |  | 1,972,830 | - |  | 1,972,830 |  | 1,972,830 | 1,874,189 | 98,642 |
| 2 | Recreation Facility - Debt Costs Growth Related Interest (Discounted) | 2013-2025 | 848,830 | 32,195 |  | 816,635 | - |  | 816,635 |  | 816,635 | 775,803 | 40,832 |
| 3 | Victoria Park Senior Centre Expansion | 2014-2017 | 640,000 | - |  | 640,000 | - |  | 640,000 | 64,000 | 576,000 | 547,200 | 28,800 |
| 4 | Dedicated Youth Space | 2014-2017 | 640,000 | - |  | 640,000 | - |  | 640,000 | 64,000 | 576,000 | 547,200 | 28,800 |
| 5 | Provision for additional indoor facility space (eg. Indoor turf, multi-use community space, muti-purpose rooms, fitness studios, etc.) | 2017-2020 | 1,720,000 | - |  | 1,720,000 | - |  | 1,720,000 | 172,000 | 1,548,000 | 1,470,600 | 77,400 |
| 6 | Reserve Adjustment |  | 344,793 | - |  | 344,793 | - |  | 344,793 |  | 344,793 | 327,553 | 17,240 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | 6,791,394 | 657,136 | - | 6,134,258 | - | - | 6,134,258 | 300,000 | 5,834,258 | 5,542,545 | 291,713 |

### 5.2.3 Outdoor Recreation Services

The Township currently has 219.3 acres of parkland within its jurisdiction. This parkland consists of neighbourhood, community and district parks. The Township has sustained the current level of service over the historic 10-year period (2003-2012), with an average of 7.2 acres of parkland per 1,000 population. Including parkland, parkland amenities (e.g. ball diamonds, playground equipment, soccer fields, etc.) and park trails, the level of service provided is approximately $\$ 590$ per capita. When applied over the forecast period, this average level of service translates into a DC-eligible amount of $\$ 4,249,338$.

Based on the projected growth over the 10-year forecast period, the Township has identified $\$ 4,811,100$ in future growth capital costs for parkland development. These projects include playground structures, splash pads, a skateboard area, parkland development and other amenities. A deduction of $\$ 811,150$ has been made to reflect the proportion attributable to existing development. The net growth capital cost after the mandatory $10 \%$ deduction and the allocation of reserve balance of $\$ 447,235$ is $\$ 3,152,630$.

The Township presently has twenty-four (24) vehicles relating to parks vehicles and equipment which provides a level of service of $\$ 26$ per capita or a DC-eligible amount of $\$ 189,799$. The Township has identified the need for new vehicles and equipment amounting to $\$ 394,000$, with $\$ 101,300$ allocated to the post 2022 period and $\$ 103,000$ attributable to existing development. After the $10 \%$ mandatory statutory deduction of $\$ 17,090$, the net growth related costs to be included in the DC calculation for parks vehicles and equipment is $\$ 189,700$.

As the predominant users of outdoor recreation tend to be residents of the Township, the forecast growth-related costs have been allocated $95 \%$ to residential and $5 \%$ to non-residential.
INFRASTRUCTURE COSTS COVERED IN THE DC CALCULATION

| Prj.No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development2013-2022 | Timing (year) | Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2013 \$) | Post Period Benefit | Other Deductions | Net Capital Cost | Less: |  | Subtotal | Less: <br> Other (e.g. 10\% <br> Statutory <br> Deduction) | Potential DC Recoverable Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benefit to Existing Development | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development |  |  | Total | Residential Share 95\% | NonResidential Share $5 \%$ |
| 1 | Future Parkland (35.1 acres) | 2014-2022 | 1,733,000 | - |  | 1,733,000 | - |  | 1,733,000 | 173,300 | 1,559,700 | 1,481,715 | 77,985 |
| 2 | Milligan Park implmentation | 2014-2019 | 99,800 | - |  | 99,800 | - |  | 99,800 | 9,980 | 89,820 | 85,329 | 4,491 |
| 3 | Tait Park implementation | 2014-2019 | 51,500 | - |  | 51,500 | - |  | 51,500 | 5,150 | 46,350 | 44,033 | 2,318 |
| 4 | Millburn Park implementation | 2013 | 348,900 | - |  | 348,900 | - |  | 348,900 | 34,890 | 314,010 | 298,310 | 15,701 |
| 5 | South Ridge Development Park community play equipment | 2014-2015 | 49,900 | - |  | 49,900 | - |  | 49,900 | 4,990 | 44,910 | 42,665 | 2,246 |
| 6 | Elora Meadows Development Park Neigh. play equipment | 2016-2019 | 39,200 | - |  | 39,200 | - |  | 39,200 | 3,920 | 35,280 | 33,516 | 1,764 |
| 7 | Revell Park play equipment | 2016-2019 | 39,200 | - |  | 39,200 | - |  | 39,200 | 3,920 | 35,280 | 33,516 | 1,764 |
| 8 | Irrigated \& lit soccer fields (2 full) Sobbarra | 2014-2015 | 440,200 | - |  | 440,200 | 220,100 |  | 220,100 | 22,010 | 198,090 | 188,186 | 9,905 |
| 9 | Irrigated soccer fields (5 full) | 2014-2015 | 295,200 | - |  | 295,200 | 147,600 |  | 147,600 | 14,760 | 132,840 | 126,198 | 6,642 |
| 10 | Irrigated \& lit soccer field (1 full) | 2016-2019 | 220,100 | - |  | 220,100 | 110,050 |  | 110,050 | 11,005 | 99,045 | 94,093 | 4,952 |
| 11 | Irrigated soccer field (1 full) | 2020-2022 | 72,500 | - |  | 72,500 | 36,250 |  | 36,250 | 3,625 | 32,625 | 30,994 | 1,631 |
| 12 | Complete Lighting Rugby/Soccer field <br> @ Vic Park, Fergus | 2013 | 80,500 | - |  | 80,500 | - |  | 80,500 | 8,050 | 72,450 | 68,828 | 3,623 |
| 13 | Multi-use courts (two) | 2016-2019 | 73,400 | - |  | 73,400 | - |  | 73,400 | 7,340 | 66,060 | 62,757 | 3,303 |
| 14 | Multi-use courts (two) | 2020-2022 | 73,400 | - |  | 73,400 | - |  | 73,400 | 7,340 | 66,060 | 62,757 | 3,303 |
| 15 | Barrier free children's play structure | 2014-2015 | 225,500 | - |  | 225,500 | 112,750 |  | 112,750 | 11,275 | 101,475 | 96,401 | 5,074 |
| 16 | Barrier free children's play structure | 2016-2019 | 225,500 | - |  | 225,500 | - |  | 225,500 | 22,550 | 202,950 | 192,803 | 10,148 |
| 17 | Major Children's Splash Pad | 2014-2015 | 206,700 | - |  | 206,700 | 103,350 |  | 103,350 | 10,335 | 93,015 | 88,364 | 4,651 |
| 18 | Minor Children's Splash Pad | 2016-2019 | 141,700 | - |  | 141,700 | - |  | 141,700 | 14,170 | 127,530 | 121,154 | 6,377 |
| 19 | Minor Children's Splash Pad | 2020-2022 | 141,700 | - |  | 141,700 | - |  | 141,700 | 14,170 | 127,530 | 121,154 | 6,377 |
| 20 | New Skateboard Area | 2016-2019 | 162,100 | - |  | 162,100 | 81,050 |  | 81,050 | 8,105 | 72,945 | 69,298 | 3,647 |
| 21 | Introductory Skateboard zones | 2016-2022 | 26,800 | - |  | 26,800 | - |  | 26,800 | 2,680 | 24,120 | 22,914 | 1,206 |
| 22 | Small scale BMX/Mountain Bike course | 2016-2019 | 26,800 | - |  | 26,800 | - |  | 26,800 | 2,680 | 24,120 | 22,914 | 1,206 |
| 23 | Dog Leash free park area | 2014-2015 | 26,800 | - |  | 26,800 | - |  | 26,800 | 2,680 | 24,120 | 22,914 | 1,206 |
| 24 | Community Allotment Gardens (two) | 2016-2022 | 10,700 | - |  | 10,700 | - |  | 10,700 | 1,070 | 9,630 | 9,149 | 482 |
| 25 | Reserve Adjustment |  |  | - |  | $(447,325)$ | - |  | $(447,325)$ |  | $(447,325)$ | $(424,959)$ | $(22,366)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | 4,811,100 | 0 | 0 | 4,363,775 | 811,150 | 0 | 3,552,625 | 399,995 | 3,152,630 | 2,994,999 | 157,632 |

Centre Wellington
Service Parks Vehicles and Equipment


### 5.3 Service Levels and Fourteen-Year Capital Costs for Centre Wellington's DC Calculation

This section evaluates the development-related capital requirements for those services with fourteen-year capital costs.

### 5.3.1 Fire Services

Centre Wellington currently operates its fire services from $16,172 \mathrm{sq.ft}$ of facility space, providing for a per capita average level of service of 0.54 sq . ft. per capita or $\$ 126$ per capita. This level of service provides the Township with a maximum DC-eligible amount for recovery over the forecast period of $\$ 1,212,437$.

There is one project identified, a new fire hall for a total capital cost of $\$ 2,250,000$, of which $\$ 1,221,600$ has been attributed to the post 2026 period. The outstanding principal and discounted interest payments on the debenture issued for the Fergus fire hall expansion equalling $\$ 298,018$ after the existing benefit deduction of $\$ 165,566$ has also been included. After the allocation of the reserve balance, the net growth capital cost included in the development charge is $\$ 1,287,115$.

The fire department has a current inventory of 17 vehicles and equipment. The total DC eligible amount calculated for fire vehicles over the forecast period is approximately $\$ 1,582,073$, based on a standard of $\$ 165$ per capita. The need for three additional fire vehicles has been identified, having a growth capital cost of $\$ 1,342,000$ for inclusion in the development charge.

Fire department provides each of its 60 firefighters with their own equipment. The fire department also has a number of other small equipment that has been included in the calculation of the service standard. The Township currently has a calculated average level of service for the historic 10-year period of \$17 per capita, providing for a DC-eligible amount over the forecast period of $\$ 162,291$ for small equipment and gear.

Based on growth-related needs the Township has identified the need for five additional full time and 25 volunteer equipped firefighters. The growth capital cost for this equipment totals $\$ 209,400$ of which $\$ 47,200$ is allocated to the post 2026 period and the net amount included in the development charge is $\$ 162,200$.

These costs are shared between residential and non-residential based on a development land area, resulting in $76 \%$ being allocated to residential development and $24 \%$ being allocated to non-residential development.
Centre Wellington
Service: Fire Facilities

| Prj. No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Timing } \\ & \text { (year) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Post PeriodBenefit | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c\|} \text { Other } \\ \text { Deductions } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net Capital } \\ \text { Cost } \end{gathered}$ | Less: |  | Potential DC Recoverable Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Benefit to } \\ \text { Existing } \\ \text { Development } \end{array}$ | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development | Total | Residential Share <br> 76\% | Non-Residential Share <br> 24\% |
| 1 | New Fire Hall | 2018+ | 2,250,000 | 1,221,600 |  | 1,028,400 | - |  | 1,028,400 | 777,033 | 251,367 |
| 2 | Debt on Fergus Fire Hall Renovation \& Expansion (Principal) | 2013-2026 | 347,350 | - |  | 347,350 | 124,054 |  | 223,296 | 168,717 | 54,579 |
| 3 | Debt on Fergus Fire Hall Renovation \& Expansion (Interest - Discounted) | 2013-2026 | 116,234 | - |  | 116,234 | 41,512 |  | 74,722 | 56,458 | 18,264 |
| 4 | Reserve Adjustment |  |  |  |  | $(39,303)$ | - |  | $(39,303)$ | $(29,696)$ | $(9,607)$ |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | 2,713,584 | 1,221,600 | - | 1,452,681 | 165,566 | - | 1,287,115 | 972,512 | 314,603 |

INFRASTRUCTURE COSTS COVERED IN THE DC CALCULATION

| Prj .No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development2013-2026 | Timing (year) | Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2013 \$) | Post Period Benefit | Other Deductions | Net CapitalCost | Less: |  | Potential DC Recoverable Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Benefit to } \\ \text { Existing } \\ \text { Development } \end{array}$ | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development | Total | Residential Share 76\% | Non-Residential <br> Share$24 \%$ |
| 1 | Tanker | 2018+ | 376,000 | - |  | 376,000 | - |  | 376,000 | 284,096 | 91,904 |
| 2 | Pumper | 2018+ | 590,000 | - |  | 590,000 | - |  | 590,000 | 445,789 | 144,211 |
| 3 | Fire/Ems Unit | 2018+ | 376,000 | - |  | 376,000 | - |  | 376,000 | 284,096 | 91,904 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | 1,342,000 | - | - | 1,342,000 | - | - | 1,342,000 | 1,013,981 | 328,019 |

Centre Wellington
Service: Fire Vehicles

|  | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Incre } \\ \text { Attrib }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- |

Tanker
Tanker

Centre Wellington
Service: Fire Small Equipment and Gear

| Pri. No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development | Timing (year) |  | Post PeriodBenefit | OtherDeductions | Net Capital Cost | Less: |  | Potential DC Recoverable Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Benefit to } \\ \text { Existing } \\ \text { Development } \end{array}$ | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development | Total | Residential Share | Non-Residential Share 24\% |
| 1 | Additional Full Time Firefighters (5) | 2018+ | 34,900 | 7,900 |  | 27,000 | - |  | 27,000 | 20,401 | 6,599 |
| 2 | Additional Volunteer Firefighters (25) | 2018+ | 174,500 | 39,300 |  | 135,200 | - |  | 135,200 | 102,154 | 33,046 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | 209,400 | 47,200 | - | 162,200 | - | - | 162,200 | 122,554 | 39,646 |

### 5.3.2 Roads

Centre Wellington owns and maintains 476 km of roads. This provides an average level of investment of $\$ 7,367$ per capita, resulting in a DC eligible recovery amount of $\$ 70.6$ million over the fourteen year forecast period.

In determining the capital requirements to be included in this study, the capital requirements for roads were reviewed by the Township's Engineer (Triton Engineering) along with municipal staff. With respect to future needs, the identified service related to roads programs totals $\$ 35,627,000$. Outstanding debt and developer credits are included at a total cost of \$691,033. Deductions for benefit to existing of $\$ 14,922,478$ and other recoveries of $\$ 1,655,800$ have been made. Finally, a reserve fund adjustment of $\$ 2,434,160$ has been included. The total growth related cost to be included in the DC is therefore $\$ 17,305,594$.

The residential/non-residential capital cost allocation for roads would be based on a $79 \% / 21 \%$ split based on the incremental growth in population to employment for the 14 year forecast period.
Centre Wellington

| Prj .No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development | Timing (year) | Gross Capital Cost Estimate | Post Period Benefit | Other Deductions | Net Capital Cost | Less: |  | Potential DC Recoverable Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Benefit to } \\ & \text { Existing } \\ & \text { Development } \end{aligned}$ | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development | Total | Residential Share $79 \%$ | Non-Residential Share $21 \%$ |
|  | ELORA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Colborne Street Phase II - Geddes Street to North Queen | 2013-2017 | 415,000 | - |  | 415,000 | 166,000 |  | 249,000 | 196,616 | 52,384 |
| 2 | Colborne Street Phase III - John to Wilson | 2018-2026 | 445,000 | - |  | 445,000 | 178,000 |  | 267,000 | 210,829 | 56,171 |
| 3 | Water St.: High - Bridge | 2013-2017 | 1,535,000 | - |  | 1,535,000 | 614,000 |  | 921,000 | 727,241 | 193,759 |
| 4 | York St.: Waterloo - Cnty Rd 7 | 2018-2026 | 820,000 | - |  | 820,000 | 409,993 |  | 410,007 | 323,750 | 86,257 |
| 5 | Gerrie Rd/Colborne Inter. Signalization | 2018-2026 | 200,000 | - |  | 200,000 | 50,000 |  | 150,000 | 118,443 | 31,557 |
| 6 | David St: Irvine St to Geddes St | 2018-2026 | 894,000 | - |  | 894,000 | 446,997 |  | 447,003 | 352,963 | 94,040 |
| 7 | Henderson Street - Smith to James | 2013-2017 | 126,000 |  |  | 126,000 | 63,000 |  | 63,000 | 49,746 | 13,254 |
| 8 | Carton Place: Victoria St. to WR7 | 2013-2017 | 337,000 | - |  | 337,000 | 168,500 |  | 168,500 | 133,051 | 35,449 |
| 9 | Carlton Place from Metcalfe St. to Victoria St. Reconstruction | 2013-2017 | 211,000 | - |  | 211,000 | 105,500 |  | 105,500 | 83,305 | 22,195 |
| 10 | Gerrie Road (Reconstruction from Rural to Urban standard) | 2018-2026 | 1,368,000 | - |  | 1,368,000 | 547,203 |  | 820,797 | 648,118 | 172,678 |
| 11 | County Road 7 and York Street (Traffic Signalization) | 2013-2017 | 200,000 | - |  | 200,000 | - |  | 200,000 | 157,924 | 42,076 |
|  | FERGUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Garafraxa St.: Maiden Lane - Beatty Line | 2013-2017 | 676,000 | - |  | 676,000 | 270,406 |  | 405,594 | 320,266 | 85,329 |
| 13 | Union St.: Tower - To Guelph Rd. | 2013-2017 | 904,000 | - |  | 904,000 | 361,603 |  | 542,397 | 428,288 | 114,109 |
| 14 | McQueen Blvd: Millburn - McTavish | 2018-2026 | 946,000 | - |  | 946,000 | 283,799 |  | 662,201 | 522,888 | 139,313 |
| 15 | McQueen Blvd: Fergus/Nichol Boundary to Guelph St. | 2018-2026 | 1,283,000 | - |  | 1,283,000 | 384,924 |  | 898,076 | 709,140 | 188,936 |
| 16 | Guelph St.: Elora St. - Second Line | 2018-2026 | 2,565,000 | - |  | 2,565,000 | 1,025,931 |  | 1,539,069 | 1,215,281 | 323,788 |
| 17 | Intersection/Signalization: McQueen Blvd. -Scotland St. | 2018-2026 | 200,000 | - |  | 200,000 | 50,000 |  | 150,000 | 118,443 | 31,557 |
| 18 | Tower St. S - Hwy 6 widening to 5 lanes to Southside of McQueen Blvd. | 2013-2017 | 1,041,000 | - |  | 1,041,000 | - |  | 1,041,000 | 821,996 | 219,004 |
| 19 | St. Andrew St. Gartshore to Tom St. | 2013-2017 | 850,000 | - |  | 850,000 | 340,000 |  | 510,000 | 402,707 | 107,293 |
| 20 | Township Bypass/Ring Road Development | 2018-2026 | 4,049,000 | - |  | 4,049,000 | 809,789 |  | 3,239,211 | 2,557,750 | 681,462 |
| 21 | Ext. of McQueen Blvd. from Tower St. to westerly limit of Mazta Subdiv. | 2013-2017 | 1,177,000 | - |  | 1,177,000 | 353,100 |  | 823,900 | 650,569 | 173,331 |
| 22 | Hill Street W. - Maple to Beatty Line | 2013-2017 | 200,000 | - |  | 200,000 | 80,001 |  | 119,999 | 94,754 | 25,245 |
| 23 | Reconstruction/Realignment of Colborne Street from Gerrie Road to Beatty Line - Internal to Nigus Holdings | 2018-2026 | 1,970,000 | - |  | 1,970,000 | - | 1,655,800 | 314,200 | 248,099 | 66,101 |
| 24 | Reconstruction/Realignment of Colborne Street from Gerrie Road to Beatty Line - External to Nigus Holdings | 2018-2026 | 544,000 | - |  | 544,000 | 304,640 |  | 239,360 | 189,004 | 50,356 |
| 25 | Reconstruction of Beatty Line from South of Garafraxa Street to Millage Lane | 2018-2026 | 1,670,000 | - |  | 1,670,000 | 835,000 |  | 835,000 | 659,334 | 175,666 |
|  | W.GARAFRAXA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | Third Line (Eramosa) ERA/WG Townline - Structure 6E | 2013-2017 | 850,000 | - |  | 850,000 | 765,000 |  | 85,000 | 67,118 | 17,882 |
| 27 | First Line Bridge - Structure 24 WG | 2018-2026 | 626,000 | - |  | 626,000 | 563,429 |  | 62,571 | 49,407 | 13,164 |
| 28 | Fourth Line-Eramosa/Garafraxa Townline to County Road 18 | 2018-2026 | 440,000 | - |  | 440,000 | 396,000 |  | 44,000 | 34,743 | 9,257 |
| 29 | Sideroad 15- Queen Mary Bridge Struc. 30-WG | 2013-2017 | 985,000 | - |  | 985,000 | 886,544 |  | 98,456 | 77,743 | 20,713 |
|  | NICHOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | Irvine St. from Bricker Ave. to SR 15 | 2018-2026 | 423,000 | - |  | 423,000 | 169,183 |  | 253,817 | 200,419 | 53,398 |
| 31 | Second Line Hwy 6 to Jones Baseline | 2018-2026 | 1,252,000 | - |  | 1,252,000 | 500,835 |  | 751,165 | 593,136 | 158,029 |
| 32 | Second Line Hwy 6 to Guelph St. | 2018-2026 | 1,109,000 | - |  | 1,109,000 | 443,601 |  | 665,399 | 525,413 | 139,986 |
| 33 | Sideroad 18 Reconstruction - West End at Beatty Line | 2013-2017 | 457,000 | - |  | 457,000 | 228,500 |  | 228,500 | 180,428 | 48,072 |
| 34 | Sideroad 18 Reconstruction - East End at Hwy 6 | 2013-2017 | 474,000 | - |  | 474,000 | 237,000 |  | 237,000 | 187,140 | 49,860 |
| 35 | Sideroad 18 Reconstruction - Mid Section | 2018-2026 | 1,350,000 | - |  | 1,350,000 | 540,000 |  | 810,000 | 639,593 | 170,407 |
| 36 | Reconstruction of Beatty Line between SR 18 and Well F7 | 2013-2017 | 310,000 | - |  | 310,000 | 124,000 |  | 186,000 | 146,870 | 39,130 |

INFRASTRUCTURE COSTS COVERED IN THE DC CALCULATION

| Prj .No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development | Timing (year) | Gross Capital Cost Estimate | Post PeriodBenefit | Other Deductions | Net CapitalCost | Less: |  | Potential DC Recoverable Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benefit to Existing Development | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Residential } \\ \text { Share } \\ \\ 79 \% \\ \hline \hline \end{gathered}$ | Non-Residential Share <br> 21\% |
|  | PILKINGTON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | 8th Line Reconstruction Wellington Rd. 18 to Gravelpits | 2013-2017 | 775,000 | - |  | 775,000 | 465,000 |  | 310,000 | 244,783 | 65,217 |
| 38 | Third Line - Carroll Creek Bridge - Struc. 24-P | 2018-2026 | 1,700,000 | - |  | 1,700,000 | 1,530,000 |  | 170,000 | 134,236 | 35,764 |
| 39 | Third Line - Carroll Creek to Wellington Rd. 17 | 2018-2026 | 250,000 | - |  | 250,000 | 225,000 |  | 25,000 | 19,741 | 5,259 |
|  | Outstanding Debt and Credits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | David St. Reconstruction - Geddes St. to Cnty Rd 7 - Debt Costs - Principal | 2013-2025 | 111,871 | - |  | 111,871 | - |  | 111,871 | 88,335 | 23,535 |
| 41 | David St. Reconstruction - Geddes St. to Cnty Rd 7 - Debt Costs - Interest (Discounted) | 2013-2025 | 36,554 | - |  | 36,554 | - |  | 36,554 | 28,864 | 7,690 |
| 42 | Upper Grand District School Board Agreement Credits | 2013 | 46,596 | - |  | 46,596 | - |  | 46,596 | 36,793 | 9,803 |
| 43 | Developer Credits A2805A | 2013-2022 | 234,923 | - |  | 234,923 | - |  | 234,923 | 185,500 | 49,423 |
| 44 | Developer Credits A2807A | 2013-2017 | 261,089 | - |  | 261,089 | - |  | 261,089 | 206,161 | 54,928 |
| 45 | Reserve Fund Adjustment |  |  | - |  | (2,434,160) | - |  | (2,434,160) | $(1,922,064)$ | $(512,096)$ |
|  | Total |  | 36,318,033 | - | - | 33,883,873 | 14,922,478 | 1,655,800 | 17,305,594 | 13,664,862 | 3,640,732 |

Centre Wellington

### 5.3.3 Public Works

The Township operates their Road Maintenance service out of a number of facilities. The facilities provide approximately 51,908 square feet of building area, providing for a per capita average level of service of 2.08 square feet per capita or $\$ 322$ per capita. This level of service provides the Township with a maximum DC-eligible amount for recovery over the 14 year forecast period of $\$ 3,089,089$.

The Township has identified the need for a Central Operations Facility within the forecast period. The gross cost of the project is estimated at $\$ 3,951,000$, with $\$ 2,963,250$ allocated to benefit existing development and the net allocated to growth. A reserve adjustment of $\$ 47,375$ has also been added in to the calculations resulting in a total growth capital cost of \$1,035,125 for inclusion in the development charge calculation.

The Public Works Department has a variety of vehicles and pieces heavy equipment totalling over $\$ 7.9$ million. This inventory provides for a per capita standard of $\$ 272$. Over the forecast period, the DC-eligible amount for vehicles and equipment is approximately $\$ 2,610,460$. Four specific vehicles as well as a stumper machine have been identified for the forecast period as well as a provision for additional vehicles \& equipment needs. These projects total $\$ 2,121,000$ have been included in the DC calculation.

A $79 \%$ residential benefit and $21 \%$ non-residential benefit was applied for other public works related costs, based on a rate of population to employment over the 14 year forecast.

Centre Wellington
Service: Depots and Domes

| Prj .No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development2013-2026 | Timing (year) | Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2013 \$) | Post PeriodBenefit | Other Deductions | Net Capital Cost | Less: |  | Potential DC Recoverable Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Benefit to } \\ \text { Existing } \\ \text { Development } \end{array}$ | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable | Total | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Residential } \\ \text { Share } \end{array} \\ 79 \% \\ \hline \hline \end{gathered}$ | NonResidential Share 21\% |
| 1 | Central Operations Facility | 2015 | 3,951,000 | - |  | 3,951,000 | 2,963,250 |  | 987,750 | 779,948 | 207,802 |
| 2 | Reserve Adjustment |  | 47,375 |  |  | 47,375 |  |  | 47,375 | 37,408 | 9,967 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | 3,998,375 | - | - | 3,998,375 | 2,963,250 | - | 1,035,125 | 817,357 | 217,768 |

Centre Wellington
Service: Rolling Stock

| Prj. .No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development2013-2026 | Timing (year) | GrossCapital CostEstimate(2013 $\$)$ | Post PeriodBenefit | Other Deductions | Net Capital Cost | Less: |  | Potential DC Recoverable Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Benefit to } \\ \text { Existing } \\ \text { Development } \end{array}$ | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development | Total | Residential Share <br> 79\% | Non-Residential Share <br> $21 \%$ |
| 1 | Utility Truck | 2014 | 43,000 |  |  | 43,000 |  |  | 43,000 | 33,954 | 9,046 |
| 2 | Pick-Up Truck | 2014 | 38,000 |  |  | 38,000 |  |  | 38,000 | 30,006 | 7,994 |
| 3 | Single Axle Truck with dump/plow/sander/wing | 2014 | 188,000 | - |  | 188,000 | - |  | 188,000 | 148,449 | 39,551 |
| 4 | Single Axle Truck with dump/plow/sander/wing | 2015 | 188,000 | - |  | 188,000 | - |  | 188,000 | 148,449 | 39,551 |
| 5 | Stumper Machine | 2015 | 54,000 | - |  | 54,000 |  |  | 54,000 | 42,640 | 11,360 |
| 6 | Additional Vehicle/Equipment Needs | 2018+ | 1,610,000 | - |  | 1,610,000 | - |  | 1,610,000 | 1,271,290 | 338,710 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | 2,121,000 | - | - | 2,121,000 | - | - | 2,121,000 | 1,674,786 | 446,214 |

### 5.4 Service Levels and Fourteen-Year Urban Capital Costs for Centre Wellington's DC Calculation

This section evaluates the development-related capital requirements for those services with fourteen year capital costs in the urban areas of the Township. The Township's Engineer (Triton Engineering) along with staff have reviewed and updated the outstanding needs for water and wastewater to service growth over the 2013-2026 forecast period.

### 5.4.1 Water Services

Based on the identified needs, including the new municipal wells combined water system and a number of watermain projects, outstanding debt and credit obligations, the total gross cost of $\$ 14,409,480$ has been included in the DC listing for water service. Of this amount, $\$ 2,392,200$ is attributable to existing development. A reserve adjustment in the amount of $\$ 229,816$ has been made to reflect the Dec. 31, 2012 balance resulting in net growth related costs of $\$ 11,787,464$ for inclusion in the DC calculation.

The allocation between residential and non-residential growth is calculated based on incremental growth in population to employment, for the 14 year forecast period for the urban serviced areas resulting in a $80 \%$ residential allocation and a $20 \%$ non-residential allocation.

### 5.4.2 Wastewater Services

The Township, along with their Engineer (Triton Engineering) has provided capital projects for wastewater including a future expansion to the Fergus treatment plant, forcemains, sanitary sewers, and pumping station updates. Along with outstanding debt and credit obligations the total gross cost of projects is $\$ 53,165,984$. Of this amount $\$ 16,387,693$ is attributable to future development in the post 2026 period and $\$ 1,900,500$ is attributable to existing development. A reduction of $\$ 3,849,011$ to recognize the December 31, 2012 reserve fund balance has also been made. Therefore, the amount attributable to growth over the urban forecast period to be included in the DC calculation is $\$ 31,028,780$.

Similar to water, the growth related costs have been allocated between residential and nonresidential development based on incremental growth in population to employment over the 14 year urban forecast period. This split results in an 80\% allocation to residential and a $20 \%$ allocation to non-residential.
Centre Wellington
Service: Water Services

| Prj.No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development | Timing (year) | Gross Capital Cost Estimate | Post PeriodBenefit | Other Deductions | Net CapitalCost | Less: |  | Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benefit to Existing Development | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development | Total | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Residential } \\ \text { Share } \end{array} \\ 80 \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Non-Residential Share <br> 20\% |
| 28 | New Municipal Wells Combined Water Systems Including Well Head Protection | 2018-2026 | 2,102,600 | - |  | 2,102,600 | - |  | 2,102,600 | 1,677,509 | 425,091 |
| 29 | Watermain Oversizing Cost on Tower St. S. Related to Addition of Fifth Lane | 2013-2017 | 30,000 | - |  | 30,000 | - |  | 30,000 | 23,935 | 6,065 |
|  | Outstanding Debt \& Credits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | Elora Water Tower Debt Costs - Principal Elora Water Tower Debt Costs - Interest (Discounted) | 2013-2022 | 390,000 | - |  | 390,000 | 195,000 |  | 195,000 | 155,576 | 39,424 |
| 31 |  | 2013-2022 | 420,212 | - |  | 420,212 | 210,100 |  | 210,112 | 167,633 | 42,479 |
| 32 | David St. Geddes to WR 7 Debt Costs - Principal | 2013-2025 | 223,741 | - |  | 223,741 | 111,900 |  | 111,841 | 89,230 | 22,611 |
| 33 | David St. Geddes to WR 7 Debt Costs - Interest (Discounted) | 2013-2025 | 73,108 | - |  | 73,108 | 36,600 |  | 36,508 | 29,127 | 7,381 |
| 34 | Well \#F7 Allardice Debt Costs - PrincipalWell \#F7 Allardice Debt Costs - Interest (Discounted | 2013-2025 | 287,667 | - |  | 287,667 | 57,500 |  | 230,167 | 183,633 | 46,534 |
| 35 |  | 2013-2025 | 93,996 | - |  | 93,996 | 18,800 |  | 75,196 | 59,994 | 15,203 |
| 36 | Well \#4 Cottontail Debt Costs - Principal | 2013-2025 | 799,076 | - |  | 799,076 | 183,800 |  | 615,276 | 490,883 | 124,393 |
| 37 | Well \#4 Cottontail Debt Costs - Interest (Discounted) | 2013-2025 | 261,101 | - |  | 261,101 | 60,100 |  | 201,001 | 160,364 | 40,637 |
| 38 | Wellington Place Part 2 Debt Costs - Principal Wellington Place Part 2 Debt Costs - Interest (Discounted) | 2013-2025 | 23,972 | - |  | 23,972 | 13,700 |  | 10,272 | 8,195 | 2,077 |
| 39 |  | 2013-2025 | 7,833 | - |  | 7,833 | 4,500 |  | 3,333 | 2,659 | 674 |
| 40 | Wellington Place Part 2 Debt Costs - Principal | 2013-2025 | 399,538 | - |  | 399,538 | 227,700 |  | 171,838 | 137,097 | 34,741 |
| 41 | Wellington Place Part 2 Debt Costs - Interest (Discounted) | 2013-2025 | 130,550 | - |  | 130,550 | 74,400 |  | 56,150 | 44,798 | 11,352 |
| 42 | Fergus Water Tower - Debt Prinicpal <br> Fergus Water Tower - Debt Interest (Discounted) | 2013-2025 | 2,028,497 | - |  | 2,028,497 | - |  | 2,028,497 | 1,618,387 | 410,110 |
| 43 |  | 2013-2025 | 503,349 | - |  | 503,349 | - |  | 503,349 | 401,585 | 101,764 |
| 44 | Wellington Terrace Agreement Credits Upper Grand District School Board Agreement Credits | 2013-2015 | 69,480 | - |  | 69,480 | - |  | 69,480 | 55,433 | 14,047 |
| 45 |  | 2013 | 7,287 | - |  | 7,287 | - |  | 7,287 | 5,814 | 1,473 |
| 46 | Developer Credits A2805A | 2013-2022 | 415,029 | - |  | 415,029 | - |  | 415,029 | 331,121 | 83,908 |
| 47 |  | 2013-2017 | 11,742 | - |  | 11,742 | - |  | 11,742 | 9,368 | 2,374 |
| 48 | Reserve Adjustment |  |  |  |  | $(229,816)$ | - |  | $(229,816)$ | $(183,353)$ | $(46,463)$ |
|  | Total |  | 14,409,480 | - | - | 14,179,664 | 2,392,200 | - | 11,787,464 | 9,404,344 | 2,383,120 |

Centre Wellington
Service: Wastewater Services

| Prj.No | Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development <br> 2013-2026 | Timing (year) | Gross Capital Cost Estimate | Post Period Benefit | Other Deductions | Net Capital Cost | Less: |  | Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Benefit to Existing Development | Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development | Total | Residential Share 80\% | Non-Residential Share 20\% |
|  | ELORA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | David St. SPS Upgrade | 2018-2026 | 872,600 | - |  | 872,600 | - |  | 872,600 | 696,183 | 176,417 |
| 2 | Colborne Street - Phase III - John to Wilson | 2013-2017 | 130,000 | - |  | 130,000 | - |  | 130,000 | 103,717 | 26,283 |
| 3 | Mill Street - Irvine to Chalmers | 2013-2017 | 320,600 | - |  | 320,600 | - |  | 320,600 | 255,783 | 64,817 |
| 4 | Sanitary forcemain; David St. SPS to Cty. Rd. 7 Bridge | 2018-2026 | 215,000 | - |  | 215,000 | 139,800 |  | 75,200 | 59,997 | 15,203 |
| 5 | First Line SPS \& Forcemain to existing system (Waterloo St.or Park Rd.) | 2018-2026 | 946,200 | - |  | 946,200 | - |  | 946,200 | 754,903 | 191,297 |
| 6 | Colborne St. Trunk Sanitary Sewer Extension from Graham St. to Gerrie Road | 2013-2017 | 94,500 | - |  | 94,500 | - |  | 94,500 | 75,395 | 19,105 |
| 7 | Colborne St: Gerrie Rd Easterly | 2018-2026 | 94,600 | - |  | 94,600 | - |  | 94,600 | 75,474 | 19,126 |
|  | FERGUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Expand pump capacity and stand-by power for Tower St. SPS | 2013-2017 | 351,200 | - |  | 351,200 | - |  | 351,200 | 280,196 | 71,004 |
| 10 | Second Line - Highway 6 to Jones Baseline (Scotland St.) | 2018-2026 | 810,600 | - |  | 810,600 | - |  | 810,600 | 646,718 | 163,882 |
| 11 | Union St. Forcemain: Union St. SPS - WPCP | 2018-2026 | 284,600 | - |  | 284,600 | - |  | 284,600 | 227,061 | 57,539 |
| 12 | Grand River Crossing of Beatty Line Trunk Sanitary Sewer to Union St. SPS | 2018-2026 | 2,025,000 | - |  | 2,025,000 | - |  | 2,025,000 | 1,615,597 | 409,403 |
| 13 | Union St.SPS Upgrade | 2018-2026 | 1,500,000 | - |  | 1,500,000 | - |  | 1,500,000 | 1,196,739 | 303,261 |
| 14 | Garafraxa St. Sanitary Sewer Extension from Maiden Lane to Beatty Line | 2013-2017 | 285,000 | - |  | 285,000 | - |  | 285,000 | 227,380 | 57,620 |
| 15 | Sanitary Sewer Hwy 6, S.R. 19 to S.R. 18 | 2013-2017 | 356,000 | - |  | 356,000 | 35,600 |  | 320,400 | 255,623 | 64,777 |
| 16 | Southwest Trunk - Union Street to Hwy. 6 | 2018-2026 | 2,029,000 | - |  | 2,029,000 | - |  | 2,029,000 | 1,618,789 | 410,211 |
| 17 | McQueen Blvd. - Milburn to McTavish | 2018-2026 | 42,100 | - |  | 42,100 | - |  | 42,100 | 33,588 | 8,512 |
| 18 | St. Andrew St. E. - Gartshore to Tom St. | 2013-2017 | 980,000 | 588,000 |  | 392,000 | - |  | 392,000 | 312,748 | 79,252 |
| 19 | Trunk Sanitary Sewer on Tom from St.Andrew St to Garafraxa St | 2013-2017 | 1,001,600 | 711,100 |  | 290,500 | 190,300 |  | 100,200 | 79,942 | 20,258 |
| 20 | SDRD 18 - West End at Beatty Line | 2013-2017 | 160,700 | - |  | 160,700 | 16,100 |  | 144,600 | 115,366 | 29,234 |
| 21 | SDRD 18 - East End at Hwy 6 | 2013-2017 | 186,900 | - |  | 186,900 | 18,700 |  | 168,200 | 134,194 | 34,006 |
| 22 | Future Expansion of Fergus WPCP | 2018-2026 | 15,000,000 | - |  | 15,000,000 | 1,500,000 |  | 13,500,000 | 10,770,650 | 2,729,350 |
| 23 | Extra depth of Sanitary Sewer through Bonaire Highlands to Service land to north | 2013-2017 | 153,700 | 153,700 |  | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| 24 | Extension of Beatty Line Sanitary Sewer from Garafraxa Street to Colborne Street | 2018-2026 | 178,700 | - |  | 178,700 | - |  | 178,700 | 142,571 | 36,129 |
|  | Outstanding Debt \& Credits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | Elora WWTP \& Clyde St. Pump Station \& BioSolids Debt Principal | 2013-2034 | 18,780,423 | 11,323,275 |  | 7,457,148 | - |  | 7,457,148 | 5,949,506 | 1,507,642 |
| 26 | Elora WWTP \& Clyde St. Pump Station \& BioSolids Debt Interest (Discounted) | 2013-2034 | 5,990,115 | 3,611,618 |  | 2,378,497 | - |  | 2,378,497 | 1,897,626 | 480,870 |
| 27 | Wellington Terrace Agreement Credits | 2013-2015 | 196,117 | - |  | 196,117 | - |  | 196,117 | 156,467 | 39,650 |
| 28 | Upper Grand District School Board Agreement Credits | 2013 | 7,625 | - |  | 7,625 | - |  | 7,625 | 6,083 | 1,542 |
| 29 | Developer Credits A2805A | 2013-2022 | 130,289 | - |  | 130,289 | - |  | 130,289 | 103,948 | 26,341 |
| 30 | Developer Credits A2807A | 2013-2017 | 42,816 | - |  | 42,816 | - |  | 42,816 | 34,159 | 8,656 |
| 31 | Reserve Adjustment |  |  |  |  | $(3,849,011)$ |  |  | $(3,849,011)$ | $(3,070,841)$ | $(778,170)$ |
|  | Total |  | 53,165,984 | 16,387,693 | 0 | 32,929,280 | 1,900,500 | 0 | 31,028,780 | 24,755,564 | 6,273,216 |

## 6. DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION

## 6. DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION

Table 6-1 calculates the proposed uniform development charges to be imposed for infrastructure services based upon an urban 14 year (water and wastewater) horizon. Table 6-2 calculates the proposed uniform development charge to be imposed on anticipated development in the Township for municipal-wide services over a 14 -year planning horizon. Table 6-3 calculates the proposed uniform development charge to be imposed on anticipated development in the Township for municipal-wide services over a 10-year planning horizon.

The calculation for residential development is generated on a per capita basis, and is based upon four forms of housing types (Single and Semi-detached, Apartments 2+ bedrooms, Apartments bachelor and 1 bedroom, and all Other Multiples). The non-residential development charge has been calculated on a per sq.ft. of gross floor area basis for all types of nonresidential development (industrial, commercial and institutional).

The DC eligible costs for each service component were developed in Chapter 5 for all municipal services, based on their proposed capital programs.

For the residential calculations, the total cost is divided by the "gross" (new resident) population to determine the per capita amount. The eligible DC cost calculations set out in Chapter 5 are based on the net anticipated population increase (the forecast new unit population less the anticipated decline in existing units). The cost per capita is then multiplied by the average occupancy of the new units (Appendix A, Schedule 5) to calculate the charge in Tables 6-2 and 6-3.

With respect to non-residential development, the total costs in the uniform charge allocated to non-residential development (based on need for service) have been divided by the anticipated development over the planning period to calculate a cost per sq.ft. of gross floor area.

Table 6-4 summarizes the total development charge that is applicable and Table 6-5 summarizes the gross capital expenditures and sources of revenue for works to be undertaken during the 5 -year life of the by-law.

TABLE 6-1
CENTRE WELLINGTON
DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION
Municipal-wide Services
2013-Urban 14 Year

| SERVICE |  | 2013 \$ DC Eligible Cost |  | 2013 \$ DC Eligible Cost |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Residential | Non-Residential | SDU | per ft ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1 Wastewater Services |  | \$ 24,755,564 | \$ <br> $6,273,216$ | \$ $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ 7,617\end{array}$ | \$ <br>  <br> 3.27 |
|  |  | 24,755,564 | 6,273,216 | 7,617 | 3.27 |
| 2. Water Services |  |  |  | 2,893 | 1.24 |
| 2.1 Treatment plants, storage and distribution systems |  | 9,404,344 | 2,383,120 |  |  |
|  |  | 9,404,344 | 2,383,120 | 2,893 | 1.24 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL |  | \$34,159,908 | \$8,656,336 | \$10,510 | 4.51 |
| DC ELIGIBLE CAPITAL COST |  | \$34,159,908 | \$8,656,336 |  |  |
| 14 Year Urban Gross Population / GFA Growth ( $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$.) |  | 10,011 | 1,919,137 |  |  |
| Cost Per Capita / Non-Residential GFA ( $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$. $)$ |  | \$3,412.24 | \$4.51 |  |  |
| By Residential Unit Type p.p.u |  | \$10,510 |  |  |  |
| Single and Semi-Detached Dwelling <br> Apartments - 2 Bedrooms + <br> Apartments - Bachelor and 1 Bedroom <br> Other Multiples | 3.08 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.92 | \$6,551 |  |  |  |
|  | 1.30 | \$4,436 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 6-2
CENTRE WELLINGTON
DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION
Municipal-wide Services
2013-2026


TABLE 6-3
CENTRE WELLINGTON DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION

Municipal-wide Services
2013-2022


TABLE 6-4
CENTRE WELLINGTON
DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION total All services

|  | 2013 \$ DC Eligible Cost |  | 2013 \$ DC Eligible Cost |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Residential | Non-Residential | SDU | per ft ${ }^{\text {² }}$ |
|  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Urban-wide Services 14 Year | \$34,159,908 | \$8,656,336 | \$10,510 | \$4.51 |
| Municipal-wide Services 14 Year | 18,266,053 | 4,986,982 | 5,334 | 2.37 |
| Municipal-wide Services 10 Year | 11,673,739 | 1,274,565 | 4,534 | 0.80 |
| TOTAL | \$64,099,701 | \$14,917,882 | \$20,378 | \$7.68 |


| SERVICE | TOTAL GROSS COST | SOURCES OF FINANCING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TAX BASE OR OTHER NON-DC SOURCE |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { POST DC } \\ & \text { PERIOD } \\ & \text { BENEFIT } \end{aligned}$ | DC RESERVE FUND |  |
|  |  | OTHER DEDUCTIONS | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { BENEFIT TO } \\ \text { EXISTING } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | OTHER FUNDING | LEGISLATED REDUCTION |  | RESIDENTIAL | NON- RESIDENTIAL |
| 1 <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Wastewater Services <br> 1.1 Treatment plants and Sanitary Sewers | 4,020,200 | 0 | 260,700 | 0 | 0 | 1,452,800 | 1,840,345 | 466,355 |
| 2. Water Services <br> 2.1 Treatment plants, storage and distribution systems | 2,256,200 | 0 | 664,800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,269,660 | 321,740 |
| 3. Roads |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.1 Roads | 11,523,000 | 0 | 5,228,154 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,970,543 | 1,324,303 |
| 4.1 Depots and Domes | 3,951,000 | 0 | 2,963,250 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 779,948 | 207,802 |
| 4.2 PW Rolling Stock | 511,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 403,496 | 107,504 |
| 5. Fire Protection Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5.1 Fire facilities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.2 Fire vehicles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.3 Small equipment and gear | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6. Outdoor Recreation Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.1 Parkland development, amenities \& trails | 3,019,503 | 0 | 679,350 | 0 | 234,015 | 0 | 2,000,831 | 105,307 |
| 6.2 Parks vehicles and equipment | 229,000 | 0 | 87,500 | 0 | 14,150 | 0 | 120,983 | 6,368 |
| 7. Indoor Recreation Services 7.1 Recreation facilities | 1,710,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 171,000 | 0 | 1,462,050 | 76,950 |
| 8. Administration 8.1 Studies | 3,024,500 | 0 | 133,625 | 0 | 52,888 | 0 | 2,226,557 | 611,430 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES \& REVENUES | \$30,244,403 | \$0 | \$10,017,379 | \$0 | \$472,053 | \$1,452,800 | \$15,074,414 | \$3,227,758 |

## 7. DEVELOPMENT CHARGE POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT CHARGE BY-LAW RULES

## 7. DEVELOPMENT CHARGE POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT CHARGE BY-LAW RULES

### 7.1 Introduction

s.s.5(1)9 states that rules must be developed:
"... to determine if a development charge is payable in any particular case and to determine the amount of the charge, subject to the limitations set out in subsection 6."

Paragraph 10 of the section goes on to state that the rules may provide for exemptions, phasing in and/or indexing of development charges.
s.s.5(6) establishes the following restrictions on the rules:

- the total of all development charges that would be imposed on anticipated development must not exceed the capital costs determined under 5(1) 2-8 for all services involved;
- if the rules expressly identify a type of development, they must not provide for it to pay development charges that exceed the capital costs that arise from the increase in the need for service for that type of development. However, this requirement does not relate to any particular development; and
- if the rules provide for a type of development to have a lower development charge than is allowed, the rules for determining development charges may not provide for any resulting shortfall to be made up via other development.

With respect to "the rules," Section 6 states that a DC by-law must expressly address the matters referred to above re s.s.5(1) para. 9 and 10, as well as how the rules apply to the redevelopment of land.

The rules provided are based on the Township's existing policies however, there are items under consideration at this time and these may be refined prior to adoption of the by-law.

### 7.2 Development Charge By-law Structure

## It is recommended that:

- the Township uses a uniform municipal-wide development charge calculation for all municipal services, except for water and wastewater services;
- water and wastewater services be imposed on the urban service areas of the Township; and
- one municipal development charge by-law be used for all services.


### 7.3 Development Charge By-law Rules

The following subsections set out the recommended rules governing the calculation, payment and collection of development charges in accordance with Section 6 of the Development Charges Act, 1997.

It is recommended that the following sections provide the basis for the development charges:

### 7.3.1 Payment in any Particular Case

In accordance with the Development Charges Act, 1997, s.2(2), a development charge be calculated, payable and collected where the development requires one or more of the following:
a) the passing of a zoning by-law or of an amendment to a zoning by-law under section 34 of the Planning Act;
b) the approval of a minor variance under Section 45 of the Planning Act;
c) a conveyance of land to which a by-law passed under section 50(7) of the Planning Act applies;
d) the approval of a plan of subdivision under Section 51 of the Planning Act;
e) a consent under Section 53 of the Planning Act;
f) the approval of a description under section 50 of the Condominium Act; or
g) the issuing of a building permit under the Building Code Act in relation to a building or structure.

### 7.3.2 Determination of the Amount of the Charge

The following conventions be adopted:

1) Costs allocated to residential uses will be assigned to different types of residential units based on the average occupancy for each housing type constructed during the previous decade. Costs allocated to non-residential uses will be assigned based on the amount of square feet of gross floor area constructed for eligible uses (i.e. industrial, commercial and institutional).
2) Costs allocated to residential and non-residential uses are based upon a number of conventions, as may be suited to each municipal circumstance, e.g.

- for Administration, the costs have been based on an population vs. employment growth ratio ( $78 \% / 22 \%$ for residential and non-residential respectively) over the ten year forecast period;
- for Indoor and Outdoor Recreation services, a 5\% non-residential attribution has been made to recognize use by the non-residential sector;
- for Roads and Roads Related, a 79\% residential/21\% non-residential attribution has been made based on a population vs. employment growth ratio over the seventeen year forecast period;
- for Fire services, an $76 \%$ residential/24\% non-residential allocation has been made based on the land coverage within the Township over the seventeen year forecast period; and
- for Water and Wastewater services an $80 \%$ residential/20\% non-residential allocation has been made based on population vs. employment growth over the 14 year urban forecast period.


### 7.3.3 Application to Redevelopment of Land (Demolition and Conversion)

If a development involves the demolition of and replacement of a building or structure on the same site, or the conversion from one principal use to another, the developer shall be allowed a credit equivalent to:

1) the number of dwelling units demolished/converted multiplied by the applicable residential development charge in place at the time the development charge is payable; and/or
2) the gross floor area of the building demolished/converted multiplied by the current nonresidential development charge in place at the time the development charge is payable.

The demolition credit is allowed only if the land was improved by occupied structures, and if the demolition permit related to the site was issued, less than five years prior to the issuance of a building permit. The credit can, in no case, exceed the amount of development charges that would otherwise be payable. Notwithstanding this, for brownfield redevelopment the period is extended to 180 months prior to the issuance of a building permit.

### 7.3.4 Exemptions (full or partial)

a) Statutory exemptions

- industrial building additions of up to and including $50 \%$ of the existing gross floor area (defined in O.Reg. 82/98, s.1) of the building; for industrial building additions which exceed $50 \%$ of the existing gross floor area, only the portion of the addition in excess of $50 \%$ is subject to development charges (s.4(3)) of the DCA;
- buildings or structures owned by and used for the purposes of any municipality, local board or Board of Education (s.3);
- residential development that results in only the enlargement of an existing dwelling unit, or that results only in the creation of up to two additional dwelling units (based on prescribed limits set out in s. 2 of O.Reg. 82/98).
b) Non-statutory exemptions
- a Temporary Use By-law Amendment in accordance with section 39 of the Planning Act;
- a place of worship or buildings for purposes of a churchyard or cemetery;
- non-residential farm buildings constructed for bona fide farming uses;
- a building permit issued against a development to which the full lot levy, under the Planning Act, was paid prior to the Development Charges Act, 1989 coming into force; and
- partial exemption of $59 \%$ of the urban area residential charge for apartment units located within commercial buildings, and a $72 \%$ partial exemption of the urban area non-residential charge for non-residential development located within the Fergus and Elora Downtown Cores, as defined by the Central Business District designation in the County and/or Municipal Official Plan.


### 7.3.5 Wind Turbines

With the introduction of the Green Energy Act, a number of municipalities are being required to approve the construction of wind turbines. Based on discussions with Township staff, policies have been expressly provided for within the proposed DC by-law.

It is noted that there are two approaches commonly used to calculate development charges for wind turbine developments. In the first approach, wind turbines are treated as an industrial structure and a deemed square footage or reference to tower's concrete base area is provided
for the structure to provide a chargeable gross floor area (GFA), facilitating the calculation of the charge. Under the second approach, wind turbines are treated as equivalent to a single family dwelling unit, with charges imposed typically for transportation, protection and administration (i.e. studies) services only.

Based on discussions with Township staff, the first approach is provided for in the proposed DC by-law.

### 7.3.6 Phasing in

No provisions for phasing-in the development charge are provided in the development charge by-law.

### 7.3.7 Timing of Collection

The development charges for all services are payable upon issuance of a building permit for each dwelling unit, building or structure, subject to early or late payment agreements entered into by the Township and an owner under s. 27 of the DCA, 1997.

### 7.3.8 Indexing

Indexing of the development charges shall be implemented on a mandatory basis annually on January $1^{\text {st }}$, in accordance with the Statistics Canada Quarterly, Construction Price Statistics for the most recent year over year period.

### 7.3.8 The Applicable Areas

The charges developed herein provide for varying charges within the Township, as follows:

- All Municipal-wide Services - the full residential and non-residential charge will be imposed on all lands within the Township.
- Water and Wastewater Services - the full residential and non-residential charge will be imposed on all lands within the urban serviced areas of the Township.


### 7.4 Other Development Charge By-law Provisions

## It is recommended that:

### 7.4.1 Categories of Services for Reserve Fund and Credit Purposes

The Township's development charge collections are currently reserved in eight separate reserve funds: Water, Wastewater, Roads, Public Works, Fire, Indoor Recreation, Outdoor Recreation, and Administration. It is recommended that the Township continue with this breakdown of the DC reserve funds under the new 2013 by-law. Appendix $F$ outlines the reserve fund policies that the Township is required to follow as per the DC Act.

### 7.4.2 By-law In-force Date

A by-law under DCA, 1997 comes into force on the day after which the by-law is passed by Council.

### 7.4.3 Minimum Interest Rate Paid on Refunds and Charged for Inter-Reserve Fund Borrowing

The minimum interest rate is the Bank of Canada rate on the day on which the by-law comes into force (as per s. 11 of O.Reg. 82/98)

### 7.5 Other Recommendations

## It is recommended that Council:

"Whenever appropriate, request that grants, subsidies and other contributions be clearly designated by the donor as being to the benefit of existing development (or new development as applicable)";
"Adopt the assumptions contained herein as an 'anticipation' with respect to capital grants, subsidies and other contributions";
"Approve the capital project listing set out in Chapter 5 of the Development Charges Background Study dated August 27, 2013, subject to further annual review during the capital budget process";
"Approve the Development Charges Background Study dated August 27, 2013, as amended (if applicable)";
"Determine that no further public meeting is required"; and
"Approve the Development Charge By-law as set out in Appendix F."

## 8. BY-LAW IMPLEMENTATION

## 8. BY-LAW IMPLEMENTATION

### 8.1 Public Consultation Process

### 8.1.1 Introduction

This chapter addresses the mandatory, formal public consultation process (Section 8.1.2), as well as the optional, informal consultation process (Section 8.1.3). The latter is designed to seek the co-operation and involvement of those involved, in order to produce the most suitable policy. Section 8.1.4 addresses the anticipated impact of the development charge on development, from a generic viewpoint.

### 8.1.2 Public Meeting of Council

Section 12 of the DCA, 1997 indicates that before passing a development charge by-law, Council must hold at least one public meeting, giving at least 20 clear days notice thereof, in accordance with the Regulation. Council must also ensure that the proposed by-law and background report are made available to the public at least two weeks prior to the (first) meeting.

Any person who attends such a meeting may make representations related to the proposed bylaw.

If a proposed by-law is changed following such a meeting, the Council must determine whether a further meeting (under this section) is necessary (i.e. if the proposed by-law which is proposed for adoption has been changed in any respect, the Council should formally consider whether an additional public meeting is required, incorporating this determination as part of the final by-law or associated resolution. It is noted that Council's decision, once made, is final and not subject to review by a Court or the OMB).

### 8.1.3 Other Consultation Activity

There are three broad groupings of the public who are generally the most concerned with municipal development charge policy:

1. The residential development community, consisting of land developers and builders, who are typically responsible for generating the majority of the development charge revenues. Others, such as realtors, are directly impacted by development charge policy. They are therefore potentially interested in all aspects of the charge, particularly the quantum by unit type, projects to be funded by the DC and the timing thereof, and
municipal policy with respect to development agreements, DC credits and front-ending requirements.
2. The second public grouping embraces the public at large and includes taxpayer coalition groups and others interested in public policy (e.g. in encouraging a higher nonautomobile modal split).
3. The third grouping is the industrial/commercial/institutional development sector, consisting of land developers and major owners or organizations with significant construction plans, such as hotels, entertainment complexes, shopping centres, offices, industrial buildings and institutions. Also involved are organizations such as Industry Associations, the Chamber of Commerce, the Board of Trade and the Economic Development Agencies, who are all potentially interested in municipal development charge policy. Their primary concern is frequently with the quantum of the charge, gross floor area exclusions such as basement, mechanical or indoor parking areas, or exemptions and phase-in or capping provisions in order to moderate the impact.

### 8.2 Anticipated Impact of the Charge on Development

The establishment of sound development charge policy often requires the achievement of an acceptable balance between two competing realities. The first is that high non-residential development charges can, to some degree, represent a barrier to increased economic activity and sustained industrial/commercial growth, particularly for capital intensive uses. Also, in many cases, increased residential development charges can ultimately be expected to be recovered via higher housing prices and can impact project feasibility in some cases (e.g. rental apartments).

On the other hand, development charges or other municipal capital funding sources need to be obtained in order to help ensure that the necessary infrastructure and amenities are installed. The timely installation of such works is a key initiative in providing adequate service levels and in facilitating strong economic growth, investment and wealth generation.

### 8.3 Implementation Requirements

### 8.3.1 Introduction

Once the Township has calculated the charge, prepared the complete Background Study, carried out the public process and passed a new by-law, the emphasis shifts to implementation matters.

These include notices, potential appeals and complaints, credits, front-ending agreements, subdivision agreement conditions and finally the collection of revenues and funding of projects. The sections which follow, overview requirements in each case:

### 8.3.2 Notice of Passage

In accordance with s. 13 of the DCA, when a DC by-law is passed, the municipal clerk shall give written notice of the passing and of the last day for appealing the by-law (the day that is 40 days after the day it was passed). Such notice must be given not later than 20 days after the day the by-law is passed (i.e. as of the day of newspaper publication or the mailing of the notice).

Section 10 of O.Reg. 82/98 further defines the notice requirements which are summarized as follows:

- Notice may be given by publication in a newspaper which is (in the Clerk's opinion) of sufficient circulation to give the public reasonable notice, or by personal service, fax or mail to every owner of land in the area to which the by-law relates;
- s.s.10(4) lists the persons/organizations who must be given notice; and
- s.s.10(5) lists the eight items which the notice must cover.


### 8.3.3 By-law Pamphlet

In addition to the "notice" information, the Township must prepare a "pamphlet" explaining each development charge by-law in force, setting out:

- a description of the general purpose of the development charges;
- the "rules" for determining if a charge is payable in a particular case and for determining the amount of the charge;
- the services to which the development charges relate; and
- a general description of the general purpose of the Treasurer's statement and where it may be received by the public.

Where a by-law is not appealed to the OMB, the pamphlet must be readied within 60 days after the by-law comes into force. Later dates apply to appealed by-laws.

The Township must give one copy of the most recent pamphlet without charge, to any person who requests one.

### 8.3.4 Appeals

Sections 13-19 of the DCA, 1997 set out requirements relative to making and processing of a DC by-law appeal and OMB Hearing in response to an appeal. Any person or organization may appeal a DC by-law to the OMB by filing with the municipal clerk a notice of appeal, setting out the objection to the by-law and the reasons supporting the objection. This must be done by the last day for appealing the by-law, which is 40 days after the by-law is passed.

The Township is carrying out a public consultation process, in order to address the issues which come forward as part of that process, thereby avoiding or reducing the need for an appeal to be made.

### 8.3.5 Complaints

A person required to pay a development charge, or his agent, may complain to Municipal Council imposing the charge that:

- the amount of the charge was incorrectly determined;
- the credit to be used against the development charge was incorrectly determined; or
- there was an error in the application of the development charge.

Sections 20-25 of the DCA, 1997 set out the requirements that exist, including the fact that a complaint may not be made later than 90 days after a DC (or any part of it) is payable. A complainant may appeal the decision of Municipal Council to the OMB.

### 8.3.6 Credits

Sections 38-41 of the DCA, 1997 set out a number of credit requirements, which apply where a Township agrees to allow a person to perform work in the future that relates to a service in the DC by-law.

These credits would be used to reduce the amount of development charges to be paid. The value of the credit is limited to the reasonable cost of the work which does not exceed the average level of service. The credit applies only to the service to which the work relates, unless the Township agrees to expand the credit to other services for which a development charge is payable.

### 8.3.7 Front-Ending Agreements

The Township and one or more landowners may enter into a front-ending agreement which provides for the costs of a project which will benefit an area in the Township to which the DC bylaw applies. Such an agreement can provide for the costs to be borne by one or more parties to the agreement who are, in turn, reimbursed in future, by persons who develop land defined in the agreement.

Part III of the DCA, 1997 (Sections 44-58) addresses front-ending agreements and removes some of the obstacles to their use which were contained in the DCA, 1989. Accordingly, the Township assesses whether this mechanism is appropriate for its use, as part of funding projects prior to Municipal funds being available.

### 8.3.8 Severance and Subdivision Agreement Conditions

Section 59 of the DCA, 1997 prevents a Township from imposing directly or indirectly, a charge related to development or a requirement to construct a service related to development, by way of a condition or agreement under s. 51 or s. 53 of the Planning Act, except for:

- "local services, related to a plan of subdivision or within the area to which the plan relates, to be installed or paid for by the owner as a condition of approval under section 51 of the Planning Act;" and
- "local services to be installed or paid for by the owner as a condition of approval under Section 53 of the Planning Act."

It is also noted that s.s.59(4) of the DCA, 1997 requires that the municipal approval authority for a draft plan of subdivision under s.s.51(31) of the Planning Act, use its power to impose conditions to ensure that the first purchaser of newly subdivided land is informed of all the development charges related to the development, at the time the land is transferred.

In this regard, if the Township in question is a commenting agency, in order to comply with subsection 59(4) of the Development Charges Act, 1997 it would need to provide to the approval authority, information regarding the applicable municipal development charges related to the site.

If the Township is an approval authority for the purposes of section 51 of the Planning Act, it would be responsible to ensure that it collects information from all entities which can impose a development charge.

The most effective way to ensure that purchasers are aware of this condition would be to require it as a provision in a registered subdivision agreement, so that any purchaser of the property would be aware of the charges at the time the title was searched prior to closing a transaction conveying the lands.

## APPENDIX A BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON RESIDENTIAL AND NON-RESIDENTIAL GROWTH FORECAST

SCHEDULE 1
TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON RESIDENTIAL GROWTH FORECAST SUMMARY

| Year | Population (Excluding Census Undercount) | Population (Including Census Undercount) ${ }^{1}$ | Housing Units |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Singles \& SemiDetached | Multiple Dwellings ${ }^{2}$ | Apartments ${ }^{3}$ | Other | Total Households | Person Per Unit (PPU) |
| Mid 2001 | 24,260 | 25,410 | 7,120 | 500 | 945 | 30 | 8,595 | 2.82 |
| Mid 2006 | 26,049 | 27,290 | 7,660 | 505 | 1,185 | 185 | 9,535 | 2.73 |
| Mid 2011 | 26,680 | 27,950 | 7,930 | 445 | 1,350 | 220 | 9,945 | 2.68 |
| Mid 2013 | 27,644 | 28,960 | 8,177 | 486 | 1,432 | 220 | 10,315 | 2.68 |
| Mid 2023 | 34,847 | 36,500 | 10,359 | 930 | 1,493 | 220 | 13,002 | 2.68 |
| Mid 2026 | 37,230 | 39,000 | 11,080 | 1,076 | 1,514 | 220 | 13,890 | 2.68 |
| Mid 2001 - Mid 2006 | 1,789 | 1,880 | 540 | 5 | 240 | 155 | 940 |  |
| Mid 2006 - Mid 2011 | 631 | 660 | 270 | -60 | 165 | 35 | 410 |  |
| Mid 2011 - Mid 2013 | 964 | 1,010 | 247 | 41 | 82 | 0 | 370 |  |
| Mid 2013 - Mid 2023 | 7,203 | 7,540 | 2,182 | 443 | 62 | 0 | 2,687 |  |
| Mid 2013 - Mid 2026 | 9,585 | 10,040 | 2,903 | 590 | 82 | 0 | 3,575 |  |

Source: Watson \& Associates Economists Ltd., 2013. Derived from 2012 Wellington County DC Background Study, Wellington County Population, Housing and Employment Forecast Update, 2006-2031 and Wellington County Official Plan, May 6, 1999 (Revised February 24, 2011)

1. Census Undercount estimated at approximately $4.75 \%$. Note: Population Including the Undercount has been rounded.
2. Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
3. Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

FIGURE A-1
2013-2026 HOUSING FORECAST ${ }^{1}$


2012 building permit activity derived from the Township of Centre Wellington Planning Department, 2013

1. Growth Forecast represents start year.
SCHEDULE 2
TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON
RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT FOR WHICH DEVELOPMENT CHARGES CAN BE IMPOSED

| DEVELOPMENT <br> LOCATION | TIMING | SINGLES \& SEMIDETACHED | MULTIPLES ${ }^{1}$ | APARTMENTS ${ }^{2}$ | TOTAL RESIDENTIAL UNITS | GROSS POPULATION <br> IN NEW UNITS | EXISTING UNIT <br> POPULATION CHANGE | NET <br> POPULATION INCREASE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fergus | 2013-2023 | 1,418 | 262 | 49 | 1,729 | 5,102 | (352) | 4,750 |
|  | 2013-2026 | 1,858 | 383 | 66 | 2,307 | 6,788 | (468) | 6,320 |
| Elora-Salem | 2013-2023 | 633 | 182 | 13 | 827 | 2,422 | (167) | 2,255 |
|  | 2013-2026 | 871 | 206 | 16 | 1,094 | 3,223 | (222) | 3,001 |
| Rural | 2013-2023 | 131 |  |  | 131 | 404 | (205) | 199 |
|  | 2013-2026 | 174 |  |  | 174 | 537 | (273) | 264 |
| Township of Centre Wellington | 2013-2023 | 2,182 | 443 | 62 | 2,687 | 7,928 | (725) | 7,203 |
|  | 2013-2026 | 2,903 | 590 | 82 | 3,575 | 10,549 | (963) | 9,586 |

 Residential distribution based on a combination of historical permit activity, available housing supply and discussions with Township staff regarding future development prospects.

1. Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
2. Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom + apartments.

## SCHEDULE 3

TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON CURRENT YEAR GROWTH FORECAST MID 2011 TO MID 2013

|  |  |  | POPULATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mid 2011 Population |  |  | 26,680 |
| Occupants of New Housing Units, Mid 2011 to Mid 2013 | Units (2) multiplied by persons per unit (3) | $\begin{array}{r} 370 \\ 2.71 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | gross population increase | 1,002 | 1,002 |
| Decline in Housing Unit Occupancy, Mid 2011 to Mid 2013 | Units (4) multiplied by ppu decline rate (5) | $\begin{array}{r} 9,945 \\ -0.0038 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  | total decline in population | -38 | -38 |
| Population Estimate to Mid 2013 |  |  | 27,644 |
| Net Population Increase, Mid 2011 to Mid 2013 |  |  | 964 |

(1) 2011 population based on StatsCan Census unadjusted for Census Undercount.
(2) Estimated residential units constructed, Mid 2011 to the beginning of the growth period, assuming a six month lag between construction and occupancy.
(3) Average number of persons per unit (ppu) is assumed to be:

|  | Persons <br> Per Unit $^{1}$ | \% Distribution <br> Structural Type | Weighted Persons <br> Per Unit Average |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Singles \& Semi Detached | 3.08 | $67 \%$ | 2.06 |
| Multiples (6) | 2.47 | $11 \%$ | 0.28 |
| Apartments (7) | 1.69 | $22 \%$ | 0.37 |
| Total |  | $100 \%$ | 2.71 |

${ }^{1}$ Based on 2006 Census custom database
${ }^{2}$ Based on Building permit/completion acitivty
(4) 2011 households taken from StatsCan Census.
(5) Decline occurs due to aging of the population and family life cycle changes, lower fertility rates and changing economic conditions.
(6) Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
(7) Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

## SCHEDULE 4

## TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON

 TEN YEAR GROWTH FORECAST MID 2013 TO MID 2023|  |  |  | POPULATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mid 2013 Population |  |  | 27,644 |
| Occupants of New Housing Units, Mid 2013 to Mid 2023 | Units (2) <br> multiplied by persons per unit (3) | $\begin{array}{r} 2,687 \\ 2.95 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  | gross population increase | 7,928 | 7,928 |
| Decline in Housing Unit Occupancy, Mid 2013 to Mid 2023 | Units (4) multiplied by ppu decline rate (5) | $\begin{array}{r} 10,315 \\ -0.0703 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  | total decline in population | -725 | -725 |
| Population Estimate to Mid 2023 |  |  | 34,847 |
| Net Population Increase, Mid 2013 to Mid 2023 |  |  | 7,203 |

(1) Mid 2013 Population based on:

2011 Population $(26,680)+$ Mid 2011 to Mid 2013 estimated housing units to beginning of forecast period $(370 \times 2.71=1,002)+$ $(9,945 \times-0.0038=-38)=27,644$
(2) Based upon forecast building permits/completions assuming a lag between construction and occupancy.
(3) Average number of persons per unit (ppu) is assumed to be:

| Structural Type | Persons <br> Per Unit ${ }^{1}$ | \% Distribution of Estimated Units² | Weighted Persons Per Unit Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Singles \& Semi Detached <br> Multiples (6) <br> Apartments (7) <br> one bedroom or less two bedrooms or more |  3.08 <br>  2.47 <br>  1.69 <br> 1.30  <br> 1.92  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 81 \% \\ 17 \% \\ 2 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.50 \\ & 0.41 \\ & 0.04 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total |  | 100\% | 2.95 |

${ }^{1}$ Persons per unit based on adjusted Statistics Canada Custom 2006 Census database.
${ }^{2}$ Forecast unit mix based upon historical trends and housing units in the development process.
(4) Mid 2013 households based upon 9,945 (2011 Census) + 370 (Mid 2011 to Mid 2013 unit estimate) $=10,315$
(5) Decline occurs due to aging of the population and family life cycle changes, lower fertility rates and changing economic conditions.
(6) Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
(7) Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

SCHEDULE 5
TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON BUILDOUT GROWTH FORECAST MID 2013 TO 2026

|  |  |  | POPULATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mid 2013 Population |  |  | 27,644 |
| Occupants of New Housing Units, 2013 to 2026 | Units (2) multiplied by persons per unit (3) | $\begin{array}{r} 3,575 \\ 2.95 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  | gross population increase | 10,548 | 10,548 |
| Decline in Housing Unit Occupancy, 2013 to 2026 | Units (4) multiplied by ppu. decline rate (5) | $\begin{array}{r} 10,315 \\ -0.0933 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  | total decline in population | -963 | -963 |
| Population Estimate to |  |  | 37,230 |
| Net Population Increase, 2013 to 2026 |  |  | 9,586 |

(1) Mid 2013 Population based on:

2011 Population $(26,680)+$ Mid 2011 to Mid 2013 estimated housing units to beginning of forecast period $(370 \times 2.71=1,002)+$ $(9,945 \times-0.0038=-38)=27,644$
(2) Based upon forecast building permits/completions assuming a lag between construction and occupancy.
(3) Average number of persons per unit (ppu) is assumed to be:

| Structural Type | Persons <br> Per Unit ${ }^{1}$ | \% Distribution of Estimated Units ${ }^{2}$ | Weighted Persons Per Unit Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Singles \& Semi Detached <br> Multiples (6) <br> Apartments (7) <br> one bedroom or less two bedrooms or more |  3.08 <br>  2.47 <br>  1.69 <br> 1.30  <br> 1.92  | $\begin{gathered} 81 \% \\ 17 \% \\ 2 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.50 \\ & 0.41 \\ & 0.04 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total |  | 100\% | 2.95 |

${ }^{1}$ Persons per unit based on adjusted Statistics Canada Custom 2006 Census database.
${ }^{2}$ Forecast unit mix based upon historical trends and housing units in the development process.
(4) 0
(5) Decline occurs due to aging of the population and family life cycle changes, lower fertility rates and changing economic conditions.
(6) Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
(7) Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

SCHEDULE 6a
LONG TERM RESIDENTIAL UNIT SUPPLY By Category (as of July 2011)

|  | Vacant \& Potential Supply |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Area | Registered* | Draft Approved <br> or Provisional | Applications <br> Under Review | Vacant <br> Designated | TOTAL <br> UNITS |
| URBAN CENTRES | 317 | 825 | 615 | 3,772 | $\mathbf{5 , 5 2 9}$ |
| Fergus | 110 | 679 | 367 | 2,780 | 3,936 |
| Elora-Salem | 207 | 146 | 248 | 992 | 1,593 |
| OUTSIDE URBAN | 52 | 52 | 18 | 45 | $\mathbf{1 6 7}$ |
| Inverhaugh | 0 | 11 | 18 | 25 | 54 |
| Ennotville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 15 |
| Belwood | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 12 |
| Rural Estate | 0 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 41 |
| Countryside | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45 |
| MUNICIPAL TOTAL | 369 | 877 | 633 | 3,817 | $\mathbf{5 , 6 9 6}$ |

* includes vacant lots in plans of subdivision that are building out and all vacant lots of record.

SCHEDULE 7

TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON
HISTORICAL RESIDENTIAL BUILDING PERMITS
YEARS 2002-2011

| Year | RESIDENTIAL BUILDING PERMITS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Singles \& Semi Detached | Multiples ${ }^{1}$ | Apartments ${ }^{2}$ | Total |
| 2002 | 167 | 38 | 34 | 239 |
| 2003 | 102 | 13 | 4 | 119 |
| 2004 | 117 | 22 | 2 | 141 |
| 2005 | 94 | 68 | 0 | 162 |
| 2006 | 56 | 27 | 0 | 83 |
| Sub-total <br> Average (2002-2006) <br> \% Breakdown | 536 | 168 | 40 | 744 |
|  | 107 | 34 | 8 | 149 |
|  | 72.0\% | 22.6\% | 5.4\% | 100.0\% |
| 2007 | 56 | 7 | 0 | 63 |
| 2008 | 68 | 8 | 1 | 77 |
| 2009 | 58 | 4 | 55 | 117 |
| 2010 | 77 | 9 | 34 | 120 |
| 2011 | 82 | 8 | 77 | 167 |
| Sub-total <br> Average (2007-2011) <br> \% Breakdown | 341 | 36 | 167 | 544 |
|  | 68 | 7 | 33 | 109 |
|  | 62.7\% | 6.6\% | 30.7\% | 100.0\% |
| 2002-2011 |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 877 | 204 | 207 | 1,288 |
| Average | 88 | 20 | 21 | 129 |
| \% Breakdown | 68.1\% | 15.8\% | 16.1\% | 100.0\% |

## Sources:

Building Permits - Statistics Canada Publication, 64-001XIB

1. Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
2. Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

## SCHEDULE 8a

TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON PERSONS PER UNIT BY AGE AND TYPE OF DWELLING (2006 CENSUS)


1. The Census PPU has been adjusted to account for the downward PPU trend which has been recently experienced in both new and older units, largely due to the aging of the population
2. Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
3. Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

Note: Due to data limitations, medium and high density PPU's have been used for modelling purposes.
Note: Does not include Statistics Canada data classified as 'Other'
PPU Not calculated for samples less than or equal to 50 dwelling units, and does not include institutional population

## SCHEDULE 8b

## WELLINGTON COUNTY

## PERSONS PER UNIT BY AGE AND TYPE OF DWELLING (2006 CENSUS)

| Age of | SINGLES AND SEMI-DETACHED |  |  |  |  |  | Adjusted PPU ${ }^{1}$ | 20 Year Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dwelling | <1 BR | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3/4 BR | 5+ BR | Total |  |  |
| 1-5 | - | 2.600 | 2.109 | 3.265 | 4.768 | 3.179 | 3.15 |  |
| 6-10 | - | 2.036 | 2.096 | 3.297 | 4.773 | 3.213 | 3.19 |  |
| 11-15 | - | 2.294 | 2.037 | 3.222 | 4.306 | 3.160 | 3.14 |  |
| 16-20 | - | - | 2.068 | 3.252 | 4.221 | 3.228 | 3.21 | 3.17 |
| 20-25 | - | - | 2.387 | 3.015 | 4.467 | 2.989 | 2.98 |  |
| 25-35 | - | 1.267 | 2.045 | 2.847 | 3.785 | 2.815 | 2.81 |  |
| 35+ | - | 1.551 | 1.957 | 2.796 | 4.079 | 2.676 | 2.67 |  |
| Total | 2.435 | 1.828 | 2.024 | 3.003 | 4.257 | 2.918 |  |  |




| Age of Dwelling | ALL DENSITY TYPES |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <1 BR | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3/4 BR | 5+ BR | Total |
| 1-5 | - | 1.987 | 1.974 | 3.126 | 4.795 | 2.947 |
| 6-10 | 1.571 | 1.635 | 1.934 | 3.175 | 4.840 | 2.946 |
| 11-15 | 1.917 | 1.662 | 1.912 | 3.204 | 4.290 | 2.877 |
| 16-20 | - | 1.644 | 1.930 | 3.185 | 4.125 | 2.953 |
| 20-25 | 1.727 | 1.453 | 2.059 | 2.972 | 4.132 | 2.655 |
| 25-35 | 1.450 | 1.378 | 2.031 | 2.854 | 3.899 | 2.521 |
| 35+ | 1.227 | 1.372 | 1.926 | 2.785 | 3.938 | 2.444 |
| Total | 1.440 | 1.458 | 1.955 | 2.963 | 4.183 | 2.650 |

[^4]
schedule 10a
TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON EMPLOYMENT FORECAST, 2013 TO

| Period | Population | Activity Rate |  |  |  |  |  | Employment |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Primary | Work at Home | Industrial | Commercial/ Population Related | Institutional | Total | Primary | Work at Home | Industrial | Commercial/ Population Related | Institutional | Total |
| 2006 | 26,049 | 0.005 | 0.057 | 0.099 | 0.123 | 0.060 | 0.344 | 140 | 1,485 | 2,580 | 3,200 | 1,565 | 8,970 |
| $2011{ }^{1}$ | 26,680 | 0.005 | 0.062 | 0.099 | 0.124 | 0.060 | 0.349 | 130 | 1,660 | 2,600 | 3,295 | 1,595 | 9,280 |
| Mid 2013 | 27,644 | 0.005 | 0.062 | 0.098 | 0.127 | 0.060 | 0.352 | 130 | 1,720 | 2,709 | 3,511 | 1,659 | 9,729 |
| Mid 2023 | 34,847 | 0.004 | 0.065 | 0.097 | 0.127 | 0.059 | 0.352 | 125 | 2,265 | 3,380 | 4,426 | 2,056 | 12,252 |
| Mid 2026 | 37,230 | 0.003 | 0.070 | 0.097 | 0.125 | 0.058 | 0.354 | 119 | 2,611 | 3,605 | 4,670 | 2,169 | 13,174 |
| Incremental Change |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2006 - Mid 2013 | 1,595 | -0.0007 | 0.0052 | -0.0010 | 0.0042 | -0.0001 | 0.0076 | -10 | 235 | 129 | 311 | 94 | 759 |
| Mid 2013-Mid 2023 | 7,203 | -0.0011 | 0.0028 | -0.0010 | 0.0000 | -0.0010 | -0.0003 | -5 | 545 | 671 | 915 | 397 | 2,523 |
| Mid 2013-Mid 2026 | 9,585 | -0.0015 | 0.0079 | -0.0012 | -0.0016 | -0.0017 | 0.0019 | -11 | 891 | 896 | 1,159 | 510 | 3,445 |
| Annual Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2006 - Mid 2013 | 228 | -0.0001 | 0.0007 | -0.0001 | 0.0006 | 0.0000 | 0.0011 | -1 | 34 | 18 | 44 | 13 | 108 |
| Mid 2013-Mid 2023 | 720 | -0.00011 | 0.00028 | -0.00010 | 0.00000 | -0.00010 | -0.00003 | -1 | 55 | 67 | 91 | 40 | 252 |
| Mid 2013-Mid 2026 | 737 | -0.00012 | 0.00061 | -0.00009 | -0.00012 | -0.00013 | 0.00015 | -1 | 69 | 69 | 89 | 39 | 265 |

[^5]SCHEDULE 10b
EMPLOYMENT AND GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA) FORECAST, 2013 TO 2026

| Period | Population | Employment |  |  |  |  | Gross Floor Area in Square Feet (Estimated) ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Primary | Industrial | Commercial/ Population Related | Institutional | Total | Industrial | $\begin{gathered} \text { Commerciall } \\ \text { Population } \\ \text { Related } \end{gathered}$ | Institutional | Total |
| 2006 | 26,049 | 140 | 2,580 | 3,200 | 1,565 | 7,485 |  |  |  |  |
| $2011{ }^{1}$ | 26,680 | 130 | 2,600 | 3,295 | 1,595 | 7,620 |  |  |  |  |
| Mid 2013 | 27,644 | 130 | 2,709 | 3,511 | 1,659 | 8,009 |  |  |  |  |
| Mid 2023 | 34,847 | 125 | 3,380 | 4,426 | 2,056 | 9,987 |  |  |  |  |
| Mid 2026 | 37,230 | 119 | 3,605 | 4,670 | 2,169 | 10,563 |  |  |  |  |
| Incremental Change |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2006 - Mid 2013 | 1,595 | -10 | 129 | 311 | 94 | 524 |  |  |  |  |
| Mid 2013 - Mid 2023 | 7,203 | -5 | 671 | 915 | 397 | 1,978 | 872,364 | 457,392 | 278,135 | 1,607,891 |
| Mid 2013 - Mid 2026 | 9,585 | -11 | 896 | 1,159 | 510 | 2,554 | 1,164,629 | 579,593 | 357,244 | 2,101,466 |
| Annual Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2006 - Mid 2013 | 228 | -1 | 18 | 44 | 13 | 75 |  |  |  |  |
| Mid 2013 - Mid 2023 | 720 | -1 | 67 | 91 | 40 | 198 | 87,236 | 45,739 | 27,814 | 160,789 |
| Mid 2013 - Mid 2026 | 737 | -1 | 69 | 89 | 39 | 196 | 89,587 | 44,584 | 27,480 | 161,651 |
| Source: Watson \& Associates Economists Ltd., 2013. Derived from 2012 Wellington County DC Background Study, Wellington County Population, Housing and Employment Forecast Update, 2006-2031 and Wellington County Official Plan, May 6, 1999 (Revised February 24, 2011) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. The 2011 total employment estimate is based on Statistics Canada table 99-012-X2011032 (Usual Place of Work) and the 2011 NHS Census Profile (Work at Home). Employment by major employment sector (ICI) is based on a combination of historical trend analysis and Statistic Canada Non Residential building permits data activity. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial | 1,300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Institutional | 700 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| DEVELOPMENT <br> LOCATION | INDUSTRIAL <br> GFA S.F. | COMMERCIAL <br> GFA S.F. | INSTITUTIONAL <br> GFA S.F. | TOTAL NON-RES <br> GFA S.F. | EMPLOYMENT <br> INCREASE ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fergus | 597,569 | 302,614 | 164,656 | 1,064,840 | 1,286 |
|  | 708,094 | 378,474 | 211,131 | 1,297,700 | 1,584 |
| Elora-Salem | 191,920 | 140,191 | 99,433 | 431,544 | 554 |
|  | 314,450 | 179,094 | 127,893 | 621,437 | 778 |
| Rural | 82,875 | 14,587 | 14,046 | 111,507 | 138 |
|  | 142,085 | 22,025 | 18,219 | 182,329 | 191 |
| Township of Centre Wellington | 872,364 | 457,392 | 278,135 | 1,607,891 | 1,978 |
|  | 1,164,629 | 579,593 | 357,244 | 2,101,466 | 2,554 |

Derived from 2012 Wellington County DC Background Study, Wellington County Population, Housing and Employment Forecast Update, 20062031 and Wellington County Official Plan, May 6, 1999 (Revised February 24, 2011)

1. Net of work at home and no fixed place of work employment

| YEAR | Industrial |  |  |  | Commercial |  |  |  | Institutional |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New | Improve | Additions | Total | New | Improve | Additions | Total | New | Improve | Additions | Total | New | Improve | Additions | Total |
| 2002 | 6,861 | 1,294 | 1,380 | 9,535 | 17,182 | 779 | 0 | 17,962 | 74 | 648 | 0 | 721 | 24,117 | 2,722 | 1,380 | 28,219 |
| 2003 | 3,283 | 1,480 | 8,334 | 13,096 | 785 | 986 | 0 | 1,771 | 25,907 | 427 | 0 | 26,334 | 29,975 | 2,893 | 8,334 | 41,202 |
| 2004 | 2,730 | 1,335 | 830 | 4,895 | 2,769 | 1,977 | 14,470 | 19,215 | 29,288 | 452 | 1,812 | 31,552 | 34,787 | 3,764 | 17,112 | 55,662 |
| 2005 | 10,706 | 4,494 | 1,243 | 16,442 | 382 | 1,330 | 0 | 1,712 | 256 | 177 | 0 | 433 | 11,343 | 6,001 | 1,243 | 18,587 |
| 2006 | 7,761 | 990 | 540 | 9,291 | 1,380 | 3,740 | 0 | 5,121 | 673 | 939 | 0 | 1,612 | 9,815 | 5,669 | 540 | 16,024 |
| 2007 | 4,383 | 1,556 | 10,095 | 16,035 | 2,624 | 3,246 | 1,121 | 6,991 | 58 | 6,014 | 1,366 | 7,438 | 7,066 | 10,816 | 12,582 | 30,464 |
| 2008 | 2,455 | 1,194 | 541 | 4,190 | 4,824 | 4,038 | 0 | 8,863 | 25 | 151 | 1,123 | 1,298 | 7,304 | 5,384 | 1,663 | 14,351 |
| 2009 | 2,039 | 650 | 0 | 2,689 | 2,331 | 3,182 | 780 | 6,292 | 5,410 | 127 | 4,838 | 10,375 | 9,780 | 3,959 | 5,618 | 19,357 |
| 2010 | 6,776 | 1,332 | 0 | 8,108 | 360 | 3,662 | 0 | 4,022 | 5,970 | 75 | 0 | 6,045 | 13,106 | 5,069 | 0 | 18,175 |
| 2011 | 909 | 3,931 | 0 | 4,840 | 8,250 | 2,331 | 0 | 10,581 | 0 | 1,779 | 0 | 1,779 | 9,159 | 8,041 | 0 | 17,200 |
| Subtotal | 47,904 | 18,257 | 22,962 | 89,122 | 40,888 | 25,272 | 16,371 | 82,530 | 67,660 | 10,789 | 9,139 | 87,588 | 156,452 | 54,317 | 48,471 | 259,240 |
| Percent of Total | 54\% | 20\% | 26\% | 100\% | 50\% | 31\% | 20\% | 100\% | 77\% | 12\% | 10\% | 100\% | 60\% | 21\% | 19\% | 100\% |
| Average | 4,790 | 1,826 | 2,296 | 8,912 | 4,089 | 2,527 | 1,637 | 8,253 | 6,766 | 1,079 | 914 | 8,759 | 15,645 | 5,432 | 4,847 | 25,924 |
| 2002-2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 Year Total |  |  |  | 89,122 |  |  |  | 82,530 |  |  |  | 87,588 |  |  |  | 259,240 |
| 10 Year Average |  |  |  | 8,912 |  |  |  | 8,253 |  |  |  | 8,759 |  |  |  | 25,924 |
| \% Breakdown |  |  |  | 34.4\% |  |  |  | 31.8\% |  |  |  | 33.8\% |  |  |  | 100.0\% |

[^6]SCHEDULE 12
TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON
EMPLOYMENT TO POPULATION RATIO BY MAJOR EMPLOYMENT SECTOR, 2001 TO 2006


## Source: Statistics Canada Employment by Place of Work

Note: 2001-2006 employment figures are classified by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code

## APPENDIX B

## LEVEL OF SERVICE

APPENDIX B - LEVEL OF SERVICE CEILING

| Service Category | Sub-Component | 10 Year Average Service Standard |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Maximum Ceiling } \\ \text { LOS } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cost (per capita) |  | Quantity (per capita) | Quality (per capita) |  |
| Roads | Roads | \$7,366.70 | 0.0181 | km of roadways | 407,000 per lane km | 70,617,186.2000 |
| Public Works | Depots and Domes <br> Rolling Stock | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 322.25 \\ & \$ 272.32 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0761 \\ & 0.0027 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ of building area <br> No. of vehicles and equipment | 155 per ft ${ }^{2}$ 100,859 per vehicle | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3,089,088.5000 \\ & 2,610,459.5200 \end{aligned}$ |
| Fire | Fire Facilities <br> Fire Vehicles <br> Fire Small Equipment and Gear | $\$ 126.48$ <br> \$165.04 <br> $\$ 16.93$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.5377 \\ & 0.0006 \\ & 0.0038 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ of building area <br> No. of vehicles <br> No. of equipment and gear | $\begin{aligned} 235 & \text { per } \mathrm{ft}^{2} \\ 275,067 & \text { per vehicle } \\ 4,455 & \text { per Firefighter }\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 1,212,437.2800 \\ 1,582,073.4400 \\ 162,290.9800 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Outdoor Recreation | Parkland Development <br> Parkland Amenities <br> Parkland Trails <br> Parks Vehicles and Equipment | $\begin{gathered} \hline \$ 333.89 \\ \$ 242.66 \\ \$ 13.39 \\ \$ 26.35 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.0072 \\ & 0.0030 \\ & 0.1405 \\ & 0.0008 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | No. of developed parkland acres <br> No. of parkland amenities Linear Metres of Paths and Trails No. of vehicles and equipment | 46,374 per acre 80,887 per amenity <br> 95 per lin m . <br> 32,938 per vehicle | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 2,405,009.6700 \\ 1,747,879.9800 \\ 96,448.1700 \\ 189,799.0500 \end{array}$ |
| Indoor Recreation | Indoor Recreation Faciilities | \$1,776.73 | 6.1820 | $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ of building area | 287 perftr | 12,797,786.1900 |

Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet

| Description | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline 2013 \text { Value } \\ (\$ / \mathrm{km}) \\ \hline \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Urban Collectors | 25.91 | 25.91 | 25.91 | 25.91 | 25.91 | 25.91 | 25.91 | 25.91 | 25.91 | 25.91 | \$407,000 |
| Rural Local | 435.99 | 435.99 | 435.99 | 435.99 | 435.99 | 435.99 | 435.99 | 435.99 | 435.99 | 435.99 | \$407,000 |
| Urban Local | 7.03 | 7.03 | 7.03 | 7.03 | 7.03 | 8.74 | 8.74 | 8.74 | 8.74 | 9.28 | \$407,000 |
| Urban Arterial | 4.68 | 4.68 | 4.68 | 4.68 | 4.68 | 4.68 | 4.68 | 4.68 | 4.68 | 4.68 | \$407,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 474 | 474 | 474 | 474 | 474 | 475 | 475 | 475 | 475 | 476 |  |


Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Shee
Service: Depots and Domes
Snit Mea
Quantity Measur

| Description | Address | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | $\begin{gathered} 2013 \text { Bld'g } \\ \text { Value } \\ \left(\$ / \mathrm{ft}^{2}\right) \end{gathered}$ | Value/ft² with land, site works, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equipment Depot/Office | 8460 Wellington Road 19, Belwood | 7,427 | 7,427 | 7,427 | 7,427 | 7,427 | 7,427 | 7,427 | 7,427 | 7,427 | 7,427 | \$202 | \$ 228.49 |
| Sand/Salt Shed | 8460 Wellington Road 19, Belwood | 6,144 | 6,144 | 6,144 | 6,144 | 6,144 | 6,144 | 6,144 | 6,144 | 6,144 | 6,144 | \$108 | \$ 124.86 |
| Storage Shed | 600 Glengarry Crescent, Fergus | 334 | 334 | 334 | 334 | 334 | 334 | 334 | 334 | 334 | 334 | \$54 | \$ 64.99 |
| Equipment Depot/Office | 600 Glengarry Crescent, Fergus | 6,743 | 6,743 | 6,743 | 6,743 | 6,743 | 6,743 | 6,743 | 6,743 | 6,743 | 6,743 | \$151 | \$ 172.26 |
| Sand/Salt Shed | 600 Glengarry Crescent, Fergus | 4,544 | 4,544 | 4,544 | 4,544 | 4,544 | 4,544 | 4,544 | 4,544 | 4,544 | 4,544 | \$65 | \$ 77.45 |
| Public Works Office | 7444 County Road 21, Elora | 3,032 | 3,032 | 3,032 | 3,032 | 3,032 | 3,032 | 3,032 | 3,032 | 3,032 | 3,032 | \$219 | \$ 247.23 |
| Equipment Depot/Office | 295 Queen Street East, Fergus | 6,618 | 6,618 | 6,618 | 6,618 | 6,618 | 6,618 | 6,618 | 6,618 | 6,618 | 6,618 | \$140 | \$ 159.69 |
| Equipment Depot/Office | 7444 County Road 21, Elora | 5,503 | 5,503 | 5,503 | 5,503 | 5,503 | 5,503 | 5,503 | 5,503 | 5,503 | 5,503 | \$120 | \$ 138.09 |
| Equipment Depot/Office | 50 Park Street, Elora | 11,563 | 11,563 | 11,563 | 11,563 | 11,563 | 11,563 | 11,563 | 11,563 | 11,563 | 11,563 | \$116 | \$ 133.68 |
| Equipment Depot/Office | 6715 Wellington Road 7, Elora | 8,194 | 8,194 | 8,194 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | \$116 | \$ 133.68 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  | 60,102 | 60,102 | 60,102 | 51,908 | 51,908 | 51,908 | 51,908 | 51,908 | 51,908 | 51,908 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population |  | 25,341 | 25,579 | 25,844 | 26,049 | 26,139 | 26,227 | 26,285 | 26,486 | 26,680 | 27,664 |  |  |
| Per Capita Standarc |  | 2.3717 | 2.3497 | 2.3256 | 1.9927 | 1.9858 | 1.9792 | 1.9748 | 1.9598 | 1.9456 | 1.8764 |  |  |

[^7]| Description | Vehicle No. | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 Value (\$/Vehicle) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chev Silverado pickup | E11-86 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$38,000 |
| Chevrolet - Silverado pickup | E13-46 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$38,000 |
| Trailer with Generator | E00-43 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$54,000 |
| Trailer with Generator | E00-44 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$54,000 |
| United Express Van Trailer | E00-94 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$11,000 |
| United Express Spills Trailer \& Equip | E00-95 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$11,000 |
| Dodge Ram 1 1/2 ton | E10-14 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$59,000 |
| Sterling Flusher Camel Truck | E02-80 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$322,000 |
| GMC SLE pickup | E11-08 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$38,000 |
| Chevy Cube Express cutaway van | E03-87 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$43,000 |
| Dodge Ram 1500 pickup | E11-02 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$38,000 |
| Red Chev 3/4 ton 4X4 | E05-44 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$38,000 |
| 7'x16' American Hauler Cargo Trailer | E06-12 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$11,000 |
| Red Chev Silverado 1500 | E07-41 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$38,000 |
| Red Silverado shortbox | E08-09 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$38,000 |
| Red Chev Silverado | E08-27 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$38,000 |
| Kubota F2400 4x4 | E95-96 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$39,000 |
| 3600 Ford Tractor with cab \& loader | 78-100 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$59,000 |
| Small black trailer (carries trench box) | 99-101 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$2,000 |
| Kohler 30 Portable Generator | 99-102 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$27,000 |
| International Red Tandem, dump/plow/sander/wing | PW11-66 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$215,000 |
| International Red Tandem, dump/plow/sander/wing | PW10-63 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$215,000 |
| International S2600 Single Axle, dump/plow/sander/wing | PW00-68 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$188,000 |
| John Deere Lawn Mower | PW11-29 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$38,000 |
| Kubota - Elora F3080 4×4 with plow, blade, mower, \& snowblower | PW10-51 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$38,000 |
| Landscape Trailer | PW00-92 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$3,000 |
| Ford 1 1/2 ton 4X4 plow, sander \& landscape box | PW12-36 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$62,000 |
| Chev 35001 1/2 ton plow, sander \& landscape box | PW11-75 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$62,000 |
| John Deere Loader | PW12-35 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$172,000 |
| Volvo Motor Grader 740 | PW01-77 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$279,000 |
| Volvo Tandem, dump/plow/sander/wing | PW02-71 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$215,000 |
| Volvo Tandem, dump/plow/sander/wing | PW02-72 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$215,000 |
| MT Trackless - snowblower, blade \& power broom | PW09-64 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$134,000 |
| International S2600 Single Axle, dump/plow/sander/wing | PW02-79 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$188,000 |

No. of vehicles and equipment

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} \\ & 0 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & - \\ & \hdashline \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty_{0}^{0} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \theta \end{aligned}$ | $$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty_{0}^{0} \\ & \infty \\ & \underset{\leftrightarrow}{*} \end{aligned}$ | $$ | $\underset{\sim}{\infty}$ |  | O2 | O |  | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet

Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet
Contact :
Unit Measure: Quantity Measure

| Description | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | $\begin{aligned} & 2013 \text { Bld'g } \\ & \text { Value } \\ & \left(\$ / f^{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ | Value/ft ${ }^{2}$ with land, site works, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fire Hall - 250 Queen Street West, Fergus | 5,368 | 5,368 | 5,368 | 8,152 | 8,152 | 8,152 | 8,152 | 8,152 | 8,152 | 8,152 | \$243 | \$274 |
| Fire Hall - 72 Guelph Road, Elora | 5,520 | 5,520 | 5,520 | 5,520 | 5,520 | 5,520 | 5,520 | 5,520 | 5,520 | 5,520 | \$194 | \$220 |
| Storage Shed - 250 Queen Street West, Fergus | - | - | - | - | - | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | \$68 | \$81 |
| Storage Shed - 250 Queen Street West, Fergus | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | \$54 | \$65 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 10,988 | 10,988 | 10,988 | 13,772 | 13,772 | 16,172 | 16,172 | 16,172 | 16,172 | 16,172 |  |  |

[^8][^9]Watson \& Associates Economists Ltd.
Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet

| Description | Vehicle No. | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 Value (\$/Vehicle) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KME Rescue/Pumper | PUMP61 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$590,000 |
| E-1 Front Line Pumper/Rescue | PUMP41 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$590,000 |
| Rosenbauer Int'l 7400 SKA Pumper | PUMP40 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$429,000 |
| E-1 Custom Cab Aerial 8000 w generator | AERIAL64 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$966,000 |
| International 4900 Water Tanker | TANKER67 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$376,000 |
| Freightliner FL-80 2500 gallon tanker | TANKER47 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$376,000 |
| Freightliner FL-80 Rescue | RESCUE45 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$376,000 |
| 16.5 Zodiac boat 40HP with Load Rite Trailer | BOAT 69 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$19,000 |
| 14' 6 passenger boat \& Motor 2012 | BOAT49 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$19,000 |
| Dodge Ram Pickup Truck 2007 | ESupp45B | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$43,000 |
| Int'l 4700 Cube Van Rescue | ERESCUE65 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$376,000 |
| Conquest V899-38 Argo with Miska Trailer | ARGO01 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$27,000 |
| Ford Expedition 2013 | CAR1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$43,000 |
| Emergency Prep Trailer with generator | EMERG | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$48,000 |
| Red Ford Pickup F150 | ESupp65B | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$43,000 |
| Red Dodge Ram 2012 | CAR3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$43,000 |
| Training Van 2012 Dodge Caravan | CAR4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | \$35,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  | 13 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 17 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population |  | 25,341 | 25,579 | 25,844 | 26,049 | 26,139 | 26,227 | 26,285 | 26,486 | 26,680 | 27,664 |  |
| Per Capita Standard |  | 0.0005 | 0.0005 | 0.0005 | 0.0006 | 0.0006 | 0.0006 | 0.0006 | 0.0006 | 0.0006 | 0.0006 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 Year Average | 2003-2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity Standard | 0.0006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quality Standard | \$275,067 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service Standard | \$165 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DC Amount (before deductions) | 14 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forecast Population | 9,586 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ per Capita | \$165 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eligible Amount | \$1,582,073 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet
Unit Measure:
Fire Small Equipment and Gear
Brad Patton
No. of equipment and gear



| DC Amount (before deductions) | 14 Year |
| :--- | ---: |
| Forecast Population | 9,586 |
| $\$$ per Capita | $\$ 17$ |
| Eligible Amount | $\$ 162,291$ |

Parkland Development
No. of developed parkland acres

| Description | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 Value (\$/Acre) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FERGUS PARKS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arboretum - Blair Park | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | \$49,400 |
| Beatty Park | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | \$49,400 |
| BT Corner Park | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | \$49,400 |
| CW Community Sportsplex | 53.4 | 53.4 | 53.4 | 53.4 | 53.4 | 53.4 | 53.4 | 53.4 | 53.4 | 53.4 | \$49,400 |
| Confederation Park | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | \$49,400 |
| Fergusson Park | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | \$49,400 |
| Ferrier Park | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | \$49,400 |
| Forfar Park | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | \$49,400 |
| Graham Park | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | \$49,400 |
| Gibbons Dr. Park | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | \$49,400 |
| Gow Park | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | \$49,400 |
| Harper Cres. Park | - | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | \$49,400 |
| Highland Park | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | \$49,400 |
| Hollman Park | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | \$49,400 |
| Milligan St Park | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | \$49,400 |
| Millburn Blvd Park | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | \$49,400 |
| Norman Craig Square - Cenotaph | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | \$49,400 |
| Pattison Place Park | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | \$49,400 |
| Perry St Open Space | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | \$49,400 |
| Pier Point Park | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | \$49,400 |
| Stait Park | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | \$49,400 |
| St. James Square | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | \$49,400 |
| Strathallan Park | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | \$49,400 |
| Tait Cresc. Park | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | \$49,400 |
| Templin Gardens | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | \$49,400 |
| Terry Fox Park | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | \$49,400 |
| Tower Street Tennis Court | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | \$49,400 |
| Tower St North Park | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | \$49,400 |
| Webster Park | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | \$49,400 |
| Wilkie Park | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | \$49,400 |
| Victoria Park | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | \$49,400 |
| Orangeville Road Wetlands | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | \$3,200 |
| Grant Property | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9.9 | 9.9 | \$3,200 |
| Revell Park | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | \$49,400 |
| Dog Park | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4.1 | 4.1 | \$3,200 |
| Garafraxa Rail/trail lands | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3.2 | \$3,200 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ELORA PARKS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bissell Park | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | \$49,400 |
| Drimmie Park | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | \$49,400 |

Unit Measure:
Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet
Unit Measure:

| Description | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 Value (\$/Acre) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Elora Community Centre - Irvine Park | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.4 | \$49,400 |
| Elora Lion's Park | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | \$49,400 |
| Fire Hall Green | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | \$49,400 |
| Foote Park | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | \$49,400 |
| Harold Chambers Park | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | \$49,400 |
| Hoffer Park | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | \$49,400 |
| Keating Park | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | \$49,400 |
| MacDonald Square Park | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | \$49,400 |
| O'Brien Park | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | \$49,400 |
| Salem Park | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | \$49,400 |
| Station Square Park | - | - | - | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | \$49,400 |
| St. Mary School | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | \$49,400 |
| Veterans Park | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | \$49,400 |
| Victoria Park | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | \$49,400 |
| South Ridge Park | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8.9 | 8.9 | \$49,400 |
| Elora Meadows | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.7 | \$49,400 |
| Gilkison to Waterloo rail/trail lands | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5.9 | \$3,200 |
| BELWOOD PARKS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Belwood Sports Fields | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | \$49,400 |
| Belwood Hall | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | \$49,400 |
| Douglas Park | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | \$49,400 |
| Maple Park | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | \$49,400 |
| Belwood Cenotaph | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | \$49,400 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$0 |
| Total | 177.4 | 183.5 | 183.5 | 184.4 | 184.4 | 184.4 | 184.4 | 185.6 | 208.5 | 219.3 |  |


Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet
Service:
Unit Measu
Parkland Amenities

Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet

| Service: <br> Unit Measure: | Parkland Amenities No. of parkland amenities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | $\begin{gathered} 2013 \text { Value } \\ \text { (\$/item) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Webster Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Small softball diamond | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$21,500 |
| Neighbourhood Children's Play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$41,300 |
| Wilkie Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Neighbourhood Children's Play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$41,300 |
| Victoria Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Soccer field (lit \& irrigated) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$220,100 |
| Soccer/Rugby Field (1/2 lit) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$80,500 |
| Soccer field | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$13,400 |
| Softball diamond | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | - | - | - | - | \$21,500 |
| Stonedust track (410 lm.m.) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$39,600 |
| Asphalt parking lot (450 sq.m.) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$28,000 |
| Gravel parking lot (800 sq.m.) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$21,500 |
| Community children's play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$49,900 |
| Grant Property |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| gravel parking lot (360 sq.m.) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | \$9,700 |
| Fergus Dog Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dog agility equipment | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | \$21,500 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ELORA PARKS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bissell Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Medium Picnic Shelter | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$88,600 |
| Gravel Parking Lot ( 3,457 sq.m.) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$92,800 |
| Steel Pedestrain Bridge | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$1,073,600 |
| Mulit-use asphalt play surface (676 sq.m.) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$36,300 |
| Drimmie Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Community children's play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$49,900 |
| Outdoor natural ice rink (water supply \& Light) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$12,600 |
| Elora Community Centre - Irvine Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Softball diamond (lit \& fenced) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$227,600 |
| Large Community children's play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$71,400 |
| multi-use asphalt court (sq.m.) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$36,700 |
| Medium Picnic Shelter | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$88,600 |
| Elora Lion's Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Softball diamond (lit \& fenced) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$227,600 |
| Gravel Parking Lot (967 sq.m.) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$26,000 |
| Foote Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Neighbourhood Children's Play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$39,200 |
| Hoffer Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Neighbourhood Children's Play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$39,200 |
| Gravel Parking Lot (117 sq.m.) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$3,100 |
| Small Picnic Shelter | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$45,100 |
| Keating Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Neighbourhood Children's Play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$39,200 |

Parkland Amenities
No. of parkland amenities
Service:
Unit Measur
Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet

| Quantity Measure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2013 \text { Value } \\ (\$ / i t e m) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| O'Brien Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Neighbourhood Children's Play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$39,200 |
| Small Children's Splash Area | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$141,700 |
| Asphalt parking area (585 sq.m.) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$36,400 |
| Station Square Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wood Gazebo | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$5,400 |
| St. Mary School |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Soccer Field | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$13,400 |
| Veterans Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Neighbourhood Children's Play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$39,200 |
| Medium Picnic Shelter | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$88,600 |
| Gravel parking area (963 sq.m) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$25,800 |
| Victoria Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gravel Parking Lot (2,500 sq.m.) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$67,100 |
| South Ridge Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full sized Soccer Fields (irrigated) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | \$73,000 |
| Mini soccer filed (irrigate) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | \$70,900 |
| Gravel parking lot (918 sq.m.) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | \$24,600 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BELWOOD PARKS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Belwood Sports Fields |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Softball diamond (lit \& fenced) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$227,600 |
| Asphalt parking area (1,328 sq.m) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$82,700 |
| Douglas Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Small Children's Play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$39,200 |
| Mulit-use asphalt play surface | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$10,700 |
| Maple Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Medium Picnic Shelter | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$88,600 |
| Neighbourhood Children's Play structure \& swings | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \$39,200 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 78 | 78 | 78 | 75 | 74 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 81 | 82 |  |


| Population | 25,341 | 25,579 | 25,844 | 26,049 | 26,139 | 26,227 | 26,285 | 26,486 | 26,680 | 27,664 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per Capita Standard | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 10 Year Average | 2003-2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity Standard | 0.0030 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quality Standard | \$80,887 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service Standard | \$243 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^10]Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet

| Service: <br> Unit Measure: | Parkland Trails |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 Value (\$/ Lin. Metre) |
| FERGUS PARKS: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CW Community Sportsplex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust trail | 1,000.0 | 1,000.0 | 1,000.0 | 1,000.0 | 1,000.0 | 1,000.0 | 1,000.0 | 1,000.0 | 1,000.0 | 1,000.0 | \$100 |
| Confederation Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust trail | 700.0 | 700.0 | 700.0 | 700.0 | 700.0 | 700.0 | 700.0 | 700.0 | 700.0 | 700.0 | \$100 |
| Millburn Blvd Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust path | 150.0 | 150.0 | 150.0 | 150.0 | 150.0 | 150.0 | 150.0 | 150.0 | 150.0 | 150.0 | \$100 |
| Pattison Place Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Concrete walkway | 83.0 | 83.0 | 83.0 | 83.0 | 83.0 | 83.0 | 83.0 | 83.0 | 83.0 | 83.0 | \$100 |
| Pier Point Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust trail | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | 110.0 | \$100 |
| Terry Fox Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust path | 105.0 | 105.0 | 105.0 | 105.0 | 105.0 | 105.0 | 105.0 | 105.0 | 105.0 | 105.0 | \$100 |
| Victoria Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone Dust running track | 410.0 | 410.0 | 410.0 | 410.0 | 410.0 | 410.0 | 410.0 | 410.0 | 410.0 | 410.0 | \$100 |
| Fergus Dog Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust trail | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 490.0 | 490.0 | \$100 |
| ELORA PARKS: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bissell Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust path | 185.0 | 185.0 | 185.0 | 185.0 | 185.0 | 185.0 | 185.0 | 185.0 | 185.0 | 185.0 | \$100 |
| Foote Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust trail | 470.0 | 470.0 | 470.0 | 470.0 | 470.0 | 470.0 | 470.0 | 470.0 | 470.0 | 470.0 | \$100 |
| Station Square Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust trail | - | - | - | 140.0 | 140.0 | 140.0 | 140.0 | 140.0 | 140.0 | 140.0 | \$100 |
| Victoria Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust trail | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | \$100 |
| Revell Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 156.0 | 156.0 | \$100 |
| South Ridge Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone dust trail | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 254.0 | 254.0 | \$100 |
| Total | 3,413.0 | 3,413.0 | 3,413.0 | 3,553.0 | 3,553.0 | 3,553.0 | 3,553.0 | 3,553.0 | 4,453.0 | 4,453.0 |  |
| Population | 25,341 | 25,579 | 25,844 | 26,049 | 26,139 | 26,227 | 26,285 | 26,486 | 26,680 | 27,664 |  |
| Per Capita Standard | 0.1347 | 0.1334 | 0.1321 | 0.1364 | 0.1359 | 0.1355 | 0.1352 | 0.1341 | 0.1669 | 0.1610 |  |
| 10 Year Average | 2003-2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity Standard | 0.1405 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quality Standard | \$95 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service Standard | \$13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DC Amount (before deductions) | 10 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forecast Population | 7,203 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ per Capita | \$13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eligible Amount | \$96,448 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^11]Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet
Parks Vehicles and Equipment
No. of vehicles and equipment


| Population |  | 25,341 | 25,579 | 25,844 | 26,049 | 26,139 | 26,227 | 26,285 | 26,486 | 26,680 | 27,664 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Per Capita Standard |  | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0009 | 0.0009 |

[^12]| DC Amount (before deductions) | 10 Year |
| :--- | ---: |
| Forecast Population | 7,203 |
| $\$$ per Capita | $\$ 26$ |
| Eligible Amount | $\$ 189,799$ |

Service:
Unit Me
Unit Measure:
Quantity Measure
Centre Wellington
Service Standard Calculation Sheet

| Service: <br> Unit Measure: | Indoor Recreation Facilities $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ of building area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | $\begin{gathered} 2013 \text { Bld'g } \\ \text { Value } \\ \left(\$ / t^{2}\right) \end{gathered}$ | Value/ft ${ }^{2}$ with land, site works, etc. |
| Centre Wellington Community Sportsplex | 56,000 | 56,000 | 91,940 | 111,523 | 111,523 | 111,523 | 111,523 | 111,523 | 111,523 | 111,523 | \$304 | \$341 |
| Green House \#1 | - | - | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | \$12 | \$19 |
| Green House \#2 | - | - | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | 1,440 | \$12 | \$19 |
| Park Washrooms \& Showers at CW Community Sportsplex Park | 1,181 | 1,181 | 1,181 | 1,181 | 1,181 | 1,181 | 1,181 | 1,181 | 1,181 | 1,181 | \$199 | \$226 |
| Storage Shed | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | \$54 | \$65 |
| Stone House (2 Storey - built in late 1800's) | 2,217 | 2,217 | 2,217 | 2,217 | 2,217 | 2,217 | 2,217 | 2,217 | 2,217 | 2,217 | \$161 | \$183 |
| Outdoor Pool (Building) | 3,244 | 3,244 | 3,244 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | \$206 | \$233 |
| Tennis Change Rooms (Fergus) | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | \$118 | \$136 |
| Victoria Park Seniors Centre | 9,500 | 9,500 | 9,500 | 9,500 | 9,500 | 9,500 | 9,500 | 9,500 | 9,500 | 9,500 | \$204 | \$231 |
| Rugby Building (1 storey bldg with washrooms, meeting rooms, etc.) | 4,827 | 4,827 | 4,827 | 4,827 | 4,827 | 4,827 | 4,827 | 4,827 | 4,827 | 4,827 | \$206 | \$233 |
| Belwood Hall | 4,227 | 4,227 | 4,227 | 4,227 | 4,227 | 4,227 | 4,227 | 4,227 | 4,227 | 4,227 | \$127 | \$146 |
| Elora Community Centre | 35,726 | 35,726 | 35,726 | 35,726 | 35,726 | 35,726 | 35,726 | 35,726 | 35,726 | 35,726 | \$198 | \$224 |
| Total | 119,922 | 119,922 | 158,742 | 175,081 | 175,081 | 175,081 | 175,081 | 175,081 | 175,081 | 175,081 |  |  |
| Population | 25,341 | 25,579 | 25,844 | 26,049 | 26,139 | 26,227 | 26,285 | 26,486 | 26,680 | 27,664 |  |  |
| Per Capita Standarc | 4.7323 | 4.6883 | 6.1423 | 6.7212 | 6.6981 | 6.6756 | 6.6609 | 6.6103 | 6.5623 | 6.3288 |  |  |
| 10 Year Average | 2003-2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity Standard | 6.1820 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quality Standard | \$287 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service Standarc | \$1,777 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DC Amount (before deductions) | 10 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forecast Population | 7,203 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ per Capita | \$1,777 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eligible Amoun | \$12,797,786 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^13]| DC Amount (before deductions) | 10 Year |
| :--- | ---: |
| Forecast Population | 7,203 |
| $\$ \$$ per Capita | $\$ 1,777$ |
| Eligible Amoun | $\$ 12,797,786$ |



## APPENDIX C LONG TERM CAPITAL AND OPERATING COST EXAMINATION

# APPENDIX C - LONG TERM CAPITAL AND OPERATING COST EXAMINATION 

## TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON

ANNUAL CAPITAL AND OPERATING COST IMPACT

As a requirement of the Development Charges Act, 1997 under subsection 10(2)(c), an analysis must be undertaken to assess the long term capital and operating cost impacts for the capital infrastructure projects identified within the development charge. As part of this analysis, it was deemed necessary to isolate the incremental operating expenditures directly associated with these capital projects, factor in cost saving attributable to economies of scale or cost sharing where applicable, and prorate the cost on a per unit basis (i.e. sq.ft. of building space, per vehicle, etc.). This was undertaken through a review of the Municipality's approved 2012 Financial Information Return (FIR).

In addition to the operational impacts, over time the initial capital projects will require replacement. This replacement of capital is often referred to as life cycle cost. By definition, life cycle costs are all the costs which are incurred during the life of a physical asset, from the time its acquisition is first considered, to the time it is taken out of service for disposal or redeployment. The method selected for life cycle costing is the sinking fund method which provides that money will be contributed annually and invested, so that those funds will grow over time to equal the amount required for future replacement. The following factors were utilized to calculate the annual replacement cost of the capital projects (annual contribution $=$ factor $X$ capital asset cost) and are based on an annual growth rate of 2\% (net of inflation) over the average useful life of the asset:

| ASSET | LIFECYCLE COST FACTORS |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | AVERAGE USEFUL <br> LIFE | FACTOR |
| Water and Wasteater Services | 80 | 0.005161 |
| Roads | 20 | 0.041157 |
| Facilities | 40 | 0.016556 |
| Public Works Vehicles | 10 | 0.091327 |
| Fire Vehicles | 15 | 0.057825 |
| Fire Small Equipment \& Gear | 8 | 0.116510 |
| Parkland Development | 30 | 0.024650 |

Table C-1 depicts the annual operating impact resulting from the proposed gross capital projects at the time they are all in place. It is important to note that, while municipal program expenditures will increase with growth in population, the costs associated with the new infrastructure (i.e. facilities) would be delayed until the time these works are in place.
Table C-1
CENTRE WELLINGTON
OPERATING AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURE IMPACTS FOR FUTURE CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

| SERVICE | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { NET GROWTH } \\ & \text { RELATED } \\ & \text { EXPENDITURES } \end{aligned}$ | ANNUAL LIFECYCLE EXPENDITURES | ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES | TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Wastewater Services |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1 Treatment plants and Sanitary Sewers | 31,028,780 | 160,100 | 953,229 | 1,113,329 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Water Services |  |  |  |  |
| 2.1 Treatment plants, storage and distribution systems | 11,787,464 | 60,800 | 964,306 | 1,025,106 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Roads |  |  |  |  |
| 3.1 Roads | 17,305,594 | 712,200 | 2,588,286 | 3,300,486 |
| 4.1 Depots and Domes | 2,963,250 | 49,100 | 443,194 | 492,294 |
| 4.2 PW Rolling Stock | 2,121,000 | 193,700 | 317,224 | 510,924 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Fire Protection Services |  |  |  |  |
| 5.1 Fire facilities | 1,287,115 | 21,300 | 243,886 | 265,186 |
| 5.2 Fire vehicles | 1,342,000 | 77,600 | 254,285 | 331,885 |
| 5.3 Small equipment and gear | 162,200 | 18,900 | 30,734 | 49,634 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Outdoor Recreation Services |  |  |  |  |
| 6.1 Parkland development, amenities \& trails | 3,152,630 | 77,700 | 144,443 | 222,143 |
| 6.2 Parks vehicles and equipment | 170,730 | 15,600 | 7,822 | 23,422 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Indoor Recreation Services |  |  |  |  |
| 7.1 Recreation facilities | 5,834,258 | 96,600 | 957,548 | 1,054,148 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Administration |  |  |  |  |
| 8.1 Studies | 3,790,686 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## APPENDIX D DEVELOPMENT CHARGE RESERVE FUND POLICY

## APPENDIX D - DEVELOPMENT CHARGE RESERVE FUND POLICY

## D. 1 Legislative Requirements

The DCA, 1997 requires development charge collections (and associated interest) to be placed in separate reserve funds. Sections 33 through 36 of the Act provide the following regarding reserve fund establishment and use:

- a Township shall establish a reserve fund for each service to which the DC by-law relates; s.7(1), however, allows services to be grouped into categories of services for reserve fund (and credit) purposes, although only $100 \%$ eligible and $90 \%$ eligible services may be combined (minimum of two reserve funds);
- the Township shall pay each development charge it collects into a reserve fund or funds to which the charge relates;
- the money in a reserve fund shall be spent only for the "capital costs" determined through the legislated calculation process (as per s.5(1) 2-8);
- money may be borrowed from the fund but must be paid back with interest (O.Reg. 82/98, s.11(1) defines this as Bank of Canada rate either on the day the by-law comes into force or, if specified in the by-law, the first business day of each quarter); and
- DC reserve funds may not be consolidated with other municipal reserve funds for investment purposes (s.37).

Annually, the Treasurer of the Township is required to provide Council with a financial statement related to the DC by-law(s) and reserve funds. This statement must also be forwarded to the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing within 60 days of the statement being filed with Council.
O.Reg. 82/98 prescribes the information that must be included in the Treasurer's statement, as follows:

- opening balance;
- closing balance;
- description of each service and/or service category for which the reserve fund was established;
- transactions for the year (e.g. collections, draws);
- list of credits by service or service category (outstanding at beginning of the year, given in the year and outstanding at the end of the year by holder);
- amounts borrowed, purpose of the borrowing and interest accrued during previous year;
- amount and source of money used by the Township to repay municipal obligations to the fund;
- schedule identifying the value of credits recognized by the Township, the service to which it applies and the source of funding used to finance the credit; and
- for each draw, the amount spent on the project from the DC reserve fund and the amount and source of any other monies spent on the project.

Based upon the above, Figure D-1 sets out the format for which annual reporting to Council should be provided.

## D. 2 DC Reserve Fund Application

## Section 35 of the DCA states that:

"The money in a reserve fund established for a service may be spent only for capital costs determined under paragraphs 2 to 8 of subsection 5(1)."

This provision clearly establishes that reserve funds collected for a specific service are only to be used for that service.
SAMPLE DEVELOPMENT CHARGE RESERVE FUNDS STATEMENT CENTRE WELLINGTON
FOR THE YEAR

|  | Township Wide |  |  |  |  |  | Urban Area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reserve Fund | Roads | Public Works | Fire Protection Services | Outdoor <br> Recreation Services | Indoor Recreation Services | Administration | Wastewater Services | Water Services |
| Balance as of January 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plus: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development Charge Collections |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued Interest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Repayment of Monies Borrowed from Fund and Associated Interest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SUB-TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount Transferred to Capital (or Other) Funds \{1\} |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amounts Refunded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amounts Loaned to Other DC Service Category |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Credits \{2\} |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monies Borrowed from Fund for Other Municipal Purposes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SUB-TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December 31 Closing Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^14]
## Attachment 1 <br> SAMPLE DEVELOPMENT CHARGE RESERVE FUND STATEMENT <br> CENTRE WELLINGTON FOR THE YEAR <br> $\qquad$

| DISCOUNTED SERVICES RESERVE FUND TRANSFERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital Project | DC Reserve <br> Fund Draw | Operating Fund <br> Draw | Other Reserves <br> Fund Draw | Debt | Total |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Attachment 2

## DEVELOPMENT CHARGE RESERVE FUND STATEMENT <br> CENTRE WELLINGTON FOR THE YEAR

| LISTING OF CREDITS UNDER DCA, 1997, s.38 BY HOLDER |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Credit Holder | Applicable DC <br> Reserve Fund | Credit Balance - <br> Beginning of <br> Year | Additional <br> Credits Granted <br> During Year | Credits Used by <br> Holder During <br> Year | Credit Balance - <br> End of Year |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## APPENDIX E LOCAL SERVICE POLICY

## APPENDIX E - LOCAL SERVICE POLICY

## TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON <br> RECOMMENDED GENERAL POLICY GUIDELINES ON DEVELOPMENT CHARGE AND LOCAL SERVICE FUNDING FOR ROAD-RELATED, STORM WATER MANAGEMENT, PARKLAND DEVELOPMENT, WATER AND WASTEWATER WORKS

1. Roads
1.1 Local roads internal to development - Direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the DCA (as a local service).
1.2 Local roads external to development - Include in DC calculation to the extent permitted under s.5(1) of the DCA. The length and location of road(s) that require reconstruction will be determined by the Township at the time of Draft Approval and will reflect those roads external to the development that, in the opinion of the municipality will be directly impacted by the development and require reconstruction to a higher service level.
1.3 Collector roads internal to development - Direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the DCA (as a local service).
1.4 Collector roads external to development - Include in DC calculation to the extent permitted under s.5(1) of the DCA. The length and location of road(s) that require reconstruction will be the determined by the Township at the time of Draft Approval and will reflect those roads external to the development that, in the opinion of the municipality will be directly impacted by the development and require reconstruction to a higher service level.
1.5 Arterial roads internal or external to development - Include in DC calculation to the extent permitted under s.5(1) of the DCA .The length and location of road(s) that require reconstruction will be the determined by the Township at the time of Draft Approval and will reflect those roads external to the development that, in the opinion of the municipality will be directly impacted by the development and require reconstruction to a higher service level.

## 2. Bridges and Culverts

2.1 Bridges and culverts internal to development - All structures that service local and collector roads are direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the DCA.
2.2 Bridges and culverts external to development

- Local Road - Include in Municipal DC ( Refer to Item 1)
- Collector Road - Include in Municipal DC (Refer to Item 1)
- Arterial Road - Include in Municipal DC (Refer to Item 1)


## 3. Traffic Signals

3.1 Traffic signalization within or external to development - Include in DC calculation to the extent permitted under s.5(1) of the DCA
3.2 Pedestrian traffic signals- Direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of DCA (as a local service)
4. Intersection Improvements
4.1 New roads (collector and arterial) and road (collector and arterial) improvements - Include as part of road costing noted in Item 1, to limits of ROW
4.2 Intersections improvements within specific developments and all works necessary to connect to entrances (private and specific subdivision) to the roadway - Direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of DCA (as a local service)
4.3 Intersections with County roads and provincial highways - Include in DC calculation to the extent that they are Township responsibility
4.4 Intersection improvements on other roads due to development growth increasing traffic - Include in DC calculation to the extent permitted under s5(1) of the DCA.
5. Streetlights
5.1 Streetlights on external roads - Include in municipal DC (linked to collector road funding source in item 1)
5.2 Streetlights within specific developments - Direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of DCA (as a local service)

## 6. Sidewalks

6.1 Sidewalks on MTO and County roads - Include in municipal DC or, in exceptional circumstances, may be local improvement or direct developer responsibility through local service provisions (s. 59 of DCA)
6.2 Sidewalks on area municipal roads - Linked to road funding source in item 1
6.3 Other sidewalks external to development (which are a local service within the area to which the plan relates) - Direct developer responsibility as a local service provision (under s. 59 of DCA)

## 7. Bike Routes/Bike Lanes/Bike Paths/Multi-Use Trails/Naturalized Walkways

7.1 Bike routes and bike lanes, within road allowance, external to development Include in DC road costs, consistent with the service standard provisions of the DCA, s.5(1)
7.2 Bike paths/multi-use trails/naturalized walkways external to development Include in municipal DC's consistent with the service standard provisions of the DCA, s.5(1)
7.3 Bike lanes, within road allowance, internal to development - Direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the DCA (as a local service)
7.4 Bike paths/multi-use trails/naturalized walkways internal to development - Direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the DCA (as a local service)
7.5 Trail bridges/Underpasses and associates works - Include in municipal DC's consistent with the service standard provisions of the DCA, s.5(1)

## 8. Parkland Development

8.1 Internal to Development - Direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of DCA for all costs for provision of parking (if required by the Township), rough grading, fencing, municipal sewer and water (if required by the Township), topsoil and seeding
8.2 External to Development - Include in municipal DC consistent with the service standard provisions of the DCA, s.5(1)
9. Noise Abatement Measures
9.1 Internal to Development - Direct developer responsibility through local service provisions (s. 59 of DCA)

## 10. Traffic Control Systems

10.1 Include in DC calculation
11. Land Acquisition for Road Allowance
11.1 Land acquisition for arterial roads - Dedication under the Planning Act subdivision provisions (s.51) through development lands (greater than 27 m right-of-way); for corridor acquisition, include in County or municipal DC (to the extent eligible)
11.2 Land Acquisition for collector roads - Dedication under the Planning Act subdivision provisions (s.51) through development lands (up to 27 m right-ofway); for corridor acquisition, include in municipal DC (to the extent eligible)
11.3 Land Acquisition for grade separations (beyond normal dedication requirements) - Include in the DC to the extent eligible.

## 12. Land Acquisition for Easements

12.1 Easement costs external to subdivisions shall be included in DC calculation.

## 13. Storm Water Management

13.1 Quality and Quantity Works, direct developer responsibility through local service provisions (s. 59 of DCA).
13.2 Over sizing of storm water management works for development external to developments will be subject to negotiations and cost sharing agreements between affected land owners.
14. Water
14.1 Water storage facilities, pumping stations, forcemains, booster stations, rechlorination/sampling stations and Wells associated with municipal service areas to be included within the DC.
14.2 Watermains external to subdivisions, which upgrade the size of the main or provides new watermains 250 mm nominal diameter or greater (over sizing), included in the DC.
14.3 Over sizing costs of waterworks within the subdivision included in DC greater than 250 mm nominal diameter.
14.4 Connection to trunk mains and pumping stations to service specific areas, to be direct developer responsibility.
15. Wastewater
15.1 Pumping stations and Forcemains associated with municipal service area shall be included in the DC.
15.2 Sanitary sewers external to subdivisions, which upgrades the size of the existing main, or provides a new main 300 mm or greater nominal diameter, included in the DC.
15.3 Connections to trunk sewers to service specific areas, to be direct developer responsibility.
15.4 Marginal costs of sanitary sewer works within the subdivision, which benefits upstream developers, included in DC above 300 mm nominal diameter or depth of 5 meters or greater.

## APPENDIX F PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT CHARGE BY-LAW

## THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON

## BY-LAW NUMBER <br> $\qquad$ - 2013

## BEING A BY-LAW FOR THE IMPOSITION OF DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

WHEREAS the Township of Centre Wellington will experience growth through development and re-development;

AND WHEREAS development and re-development requires the provision of physical and social services by the Township of Centre Wellington;

AND WHEREAS Council desires to ensure that the capital cost of meeting growthrelated demands for or burden on municipal services does not place an excessive financial burden on the Township of Centre Wellington or its existing taxpayers while at the same time ensuring new taxpayers contribute no more than the net capital cost attributable to providing the current level of municipal services;

AND WHEREAS the Development Charges Act, 1997, S.O. 1997, c.27, as amended (the "Act") provides that the council of a Township may by by-law impose development charges against land to pay for increased capital costs required because of increased needs for services;

AND WHEREAS a development charge background study has been completed in accordance with the Act;

AND WHEREAS the Council of The Corporation of the Township of Centre Wellington has given notice of and held public meetings on the 23rd day of September, 2013 in accordance with the Act and the regulations thereto;

## NOW THEREFORE THE COUNCIL OF THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF CENTRE WELLINGTON ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

## 1. INTERPRETATION

1.1 In this By-law the following items shall have the corresponding meanings:
"accessory use" means where used to describe a use, building, or structure that the use, building or structure is naturally and normally incidental, subordinate in purpose of floor area or both, and exclusively devoted to a principal use, building or structure;

Act" means the Development Charges Act, as amended, or any successor thereof;
"apartment unit" means any residential unit within a building containing three or more dwelling units where access to each residential unit is obtained through a common entrance or entrances from the street level and the residential units are connected by an interior corridor;
"bedroom" means a habitable room larger than seven square metres, including a den, study or other similar area, but does not include a bathroom, living room, dining room or kitchen;
"benefiting area" means an area defined by map, plan or legal description in a frontending agreement as an area that will receive a benefit from the construction of a service;
"board of education" has the same meaning as set out in the Education Act, R.S.O. 1990, c.E.2, as amended, or any successor thereof (the "Education Act");
"bona fide farm uses" means the proposed development will qualify as a farm business operating with a valid Farm Business Registration Number issued by the Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs and be assessed in the Farmland Realty Tax Class by the Ontario Property Assessment Corporation;
"brownfield site" means an undeveloped or previously developed site with potential for redevelopment, but that may be contaminated by previous activities occurring on or adjacent to the site. They are usually, but not exclusively, former industrial or commercial properties that may be underutilized, derelict or vacant. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing a Brownfield Site may include former gasoline/service stations, former landfill sites, former industrial sites, or former commercial sites.
"Building Code Act" means the Building Code Act, 1992, S.O. 1992, c. 23 as amended, or any successor thereof (the "Building Code Act");
"capital cost" means costs incurred or proposed to be incurred by the Township or a local board thereof directly or by others on behalf of and as authorized by the Township or local board,
(a) to acquire land or an interest in land, including a leasehold interest,
(b) to improve land,
(c) to acquire, lease, construct or improve buildings and structures,
(d) to acquire, construct or improve facilities including,
(i) furniture and equipment other than computer equipment, and
(ii) material acquired for circulation, reference or information purposes by a library board as defined in the Public Libraries Act, R.S.O. 1990, Chap. P.44, as amended, or any successor thereof; and
(iii) rolling stock with an estimated useful life of seven years or more, and
(e) to undertake studies in connection with any matter under the Act and any of the matters in clauses (a) to (d) above, including the development charge background study
required for the provision of services designated in this By-law within or outside the Township, including interest on borrowing for those expenditures under clauses (a) to (e) above that are growth-related;
"commercial" means any use of land, structures or buildings for the purposes of buying or selling commodities and services, but does not include industrial or agricultural uses, but does include hotels, motels, motor inns and boarding, lodging and rooming houses;
"Council" means the Council of the Township;
"development" means the construction, erection or placing of one or more buildings or structures on land or the making of an addition or alteration to a building or structure that the effect of increasing the size of usability thereof, and includes redevelopment;
"development charge" means a charge imposed with respect to this By-law;
"dwelling unit" means any part of a building or structure used, designed or intended to be used as a domestic establishment in which one or more persons may sleep and are provided with culinary and sanitary facilities for their exclusive use;
"existing" means the number, use and size that existed as of the date this by-law was passed;
"existing industrial building" means a building or buildings existing on a site in the Township of Centre Wellington on October $16^{\text {th }}, 2006$ or the buildings or structures constructed and occupied on a vacant site pursuant to site plan approval under section 41 of the Planning Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. P. 13 (the "Planning Act") subsequent to October 16, 2006 for which full development charges were paid, and is used for or in connection with,
a) the production, compounding, processing, packaging, crating, bottling, packaging or assembling of raw or semi-processed goods or materials ("manufacturing") in not less than seventy-five per cent of the total gross floor area of the building or buildings on a site ("manufacturing") or warehousing related to the manufacturing use carried on in the building or buildings,
b) research or development in connection with manufacturing in not less than seventy-five per cent of the total gross floor area of the building or buildings on a site,
c) retail sales by a manufacturer, if the retail sales are at the site where the manufacturing is carried out, such retail sales are restricted to goods manufactured at the site, and the building or part of a building where such retail sales are carried out does not constitute greater than twenty-five per cent of the total gross floor area of the building or buildings on the site, or d) office or administrative purposes, if they are,

1. carried out with respect to the manufacturing or warehousing; and,
2. in or attached to the building or structure used for such manufacturing or warehousing;
"farm building" means that part of a bona fide farming operation encompassing barns, silos and other ancillary development to an agricultural use, but excluding a residential use;
"gross floor area" means:
(a) in the case of a residential building or structure, the total area of all floors above grade of a dwelling unit measured between the outside surfaces of exterior walls or between the outside surfaces of exterior walls and the centre line of party walls dividing the dwelling unit from any other dwelling unit or other portion of a building; and
(b) in the case of a non-residential building or structure, or in the case of a mixeduse building or structure in respect of the non-residential portion thereof, the total area of all building floors above or below grade measured between the outside surfaces of the exterior walls, or between the outside surfaces of exterior walls and the centre line of party walls dividing a non-residential use and a residential use, except for:
(i) a room or enclosed area within the building or structure above or below that is used exclusively for the accommodation of heating, cooling, ventilating, electrical, mechanical or telecommunications equipment that service the building;
(ii) loading facilities above or below grade;
(iii) a part of the building or structure below grade that is used for the parking of motor vehicles or for storage or other accessory use; and
(iv) wind turbines, which are defined in (c).
(c) in the case of a non-residential wind turbine, the total area of the concrete base of the structure;
"industrial" means lands, buildings or structures used or designed or intended for use for production, compounding, processing, packaging, crating, bottling, or assembly ("manufacturing") of raw goods or semi-processed goods or materials, research and development relating thereto, warehousing or bulk storage of goods, and includes office uses and the sale of commodities to the general public where such uses are accessory to an industrial use, but does not include the sale of commodities to the general public through a warehouse club;
"institutional" means land, buildings, structures or any part thereof used by any organization, group or association for promotion of charitable, educational or benevolent objectives and not for profit or gain;
"Local Board" means a local board as defined in section 1 of the Municipal Affairs Act other than a board as defined in subsection 1(1) of the Education Act;
"local services" means those services, facilities or things which are under the jurisdiction of the Township and are related to a plan of subdivision or within the area to which the plan relates in respect of the lands under Sections 41, 51 or 53 of the Planning Act, R.S.O. 1990, Chap. P.13, as amended, or any successor thereof;
"multiple dwellings" means all dwellings other than single-detached, semi-detached and apartment unit dwellings;
"non-residential use" means a building or structure of any kind whatsoever used, designed or intended to be used for other than a residential use and includes wind turbines;
"Official Plan" means the Official Plan adopted for the Township, as amended and approved;
"owner" means the owner of land or a person who has made application for an approval for the development of land upon which a development charge is imposed'
"place of worship" means that part of a building or structure that is exempt from taxation as a place of worship under the Assessment Act, R.S.O. 1990, Chap. A.31, as amended, or any successor thereof;
"rate" means the interest rate established weekly by the Bank of Canada based on Treasury Bills having a term of 91 days;
"regulation" means any regulation made pursuant to the Act;
"residential dwelling" means a building, occupied or capable of being occupied as a home, residence or sleeping place by one or more persons, containing one or more dwelling units but not including motels, hotels, tents, truck campers, tourist trailers, mobile camper trailers or boarding, lodging or rooming houses;
"residential use" means the use of a building or structure or portion thereof for one or more dwelling units. This also includes a dwelling unit on land that is used for an agricultural use;
"row dwelling" means a building containing three or more attached dwelling units in a single row, each of which dwelling units has an independent entrance from the outside and is vertically separated from any abutting dwelling unit;
"school, private" means a private school defined under the Education Act or any successor thereto, being "an institution at which instruction is provided at any time between the hours of $9 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and $4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on any school day for five or more pupils who are of, or over compulsory school age in any of the subjects of the elementary or secondary school courses of study".
"semi-detached dwelling" means a dwelling unit in a residential building consisting of two dwelling units having one vertical wall or one horizontal wall, but not other parts, attached or another dwelling unit where the residential unit are not connected by an interior corridor;
"service" means a service designed in Schedule "A" to this By-law, and "services" shall have a corresponding meaning;
"servicing agreement" means an agreement between a landowner and the Township relative to the provision of municipal services to specified land within the Township;
"single detached dwelling unit" means a residential building consisting of one dwelling unit and not attached to another structure;
"site" means a parcel of land which can be legally conveyed pursuant to section 50 of the Planning Act and includes a development having two or more lots consolidated under one identical ownership;
"Township" means the Corporation of the Township of Centre Wellington;
"township" means the area within the geographic limits of the Township of Centre Wellington; and
"Wind Turbine" means a part of a wind energy system used for commercial purposes that converts energy into electricity, and consists of one or more wind turbines on a lot with a total name plate capacity of 100 kW or more, a tower and associated control or conversion electronics. A wind turbine and energy system may be connected to the electricity grid in circuits at a substation to provide electricity off-site for sale to an electrical utility or other intermediaries; and
"Zoning By-Law" means the Zoning By-Law of the Township of Centre Wellington or any successor thereof passed pursuant to Section 34 of the Planning Act, S.O. 1998.

## 2. DESIGNATION OF SERVICES

2.1 The categories of services for which development charges are imposed under this Bylaw are as follows:
(a) Roads;
(b) Public Works;
(c) Fire Protection Services;
(d) Outdoor Recreation Services;
(e) Indoor Recreation Services;
(f) Administration;
(g) Wastewater Services; and
(h) Water Services
2.2 The components of the services designated in section 2.1 are described in Schedule A.

## 3. APPLICATION OF BY-LAW RULES

3.1 Development charges shall be payable in the amounts set out in this By-law where:
(a) the lands are located in the area described in section 3.2; and
(b) the development of the lands requires any of the approvals set out in subsection 3.4(a).

## Area to Which By-law Applies

3.2 Subject to section 3.3, this By-law applies to all lands in the Township of Centre Wellington whether or not the land or use thereof is exempt from taxation under s. 13 or the Assessment Act.
3.3. Notwithstanding clause 3.2 above, this by-law shall not apply to lands that are owned by and used for the purposes of:
(a) the Township or a local board thereof;
(b) a board of education; or
(c) the Corporation of the County of Wellington or a local board thereof;

## Approvals for Development

3.4 (a) Development charges shall be imposed on all lands, buildings or structures that are developed for residential or non-residential uses if the development requires:
(i) the passing of a zoning by-law or of an amendment to a zoning by-law under section 34 of the Planning Act;
(ii) the approval of a minor variance under section 45 of the Planning Act;
(iii) a conveyance of land to which a by-law passed under subsection 50(7) of the Planning Act applies;
(iv) the approval of a plan of subdivision under section 51 of the Planning Act;
(v) a consent under section 53 of the Planning Act;
(vi) the approval of a description under section 50 of the Condominium Act, R.S.O. 1990, Chap. C.26, as amended, or any successor thereof; or
(vii) the issuing of a permit under the Building Code Act in relation to a building or structure.
(b) No more than one development charge for each service designated in subsection 2.1 shall be imposed upon any lands, buildings or structures to which this By-law
applies even though two or more of the actions described in subsection 3.4(a) are required before the lands, buildings or structures can be developed.
(c) Despite subsection 3.4(b), if two or more of the actions described in subsection 3.4(a) occur at different times, additional development charges shall be imposed if the subsequent action has the effect or increasing the need for services.

## Exemptions

3.5 Notwithstanding the provisions of this By-law, development charges shall not be imposed with respect to:
(a) an enlargement to an existing dwelling unit;
(b) one or two additional dwelling units in an existing single detached dwelling; or
(c) one additional dwelling unit in any other existing residential building;
3.6 Notwithstanding section 3.5(b), development charges shall be imposed if the total gross floor area of the additional one or two units exceeds the gross floor area of the existing dwelling unit.
3.7 Notwithstanding section 3.5, development charges shall be imposed if the additional unit has a gross floor area greater than
i. in the case of a semi-detached or row dwelling, the gross floor area of the existing dwelling unit; and
ii. in the case of any other residential building, the gross floor area of the smallest dwelling unit contained in the residential building.

### 3.8 Exemption for Industrial Development:

Notwithstanding any other provision of this by-law, there shall be an exemption from the payment of development charges for one or more enlargements of an existing industrial
building on its site, whether attached or separate from the existing industrial building, up to a maximum of fifty per cent of the gross floor area before the first enlargement for which an exemption from the payment of development charges was granted pursuant to the Development Charges Act or this section. Development charges shall be imposed in accordance with this by-law with respect to the amount of the floor area of an enlargement that results in the gross floor area of the industrial building being increased by greater than fifty per cent of the gross floor area of the existing industrial building.
3.9 If the gross floor area of an existing industrial building is enlarged by greater than 50 percent, the amount of the development charge payable in respect of the enlargement is the amount of the development charge that would otherwise be payable multiplied by the fraction determined as follows:

1) determine the amount by which the enlargement exceeds 50 percent of the gross floor area before the enlargement;
2) divide the amount determined under subsection 1) by the amount of the enlargement

### 3.10 Other Exemptions:

Notwithstanding the provision of this by-law, development charges shall not be imposed with respect to:
a) a Temporary Use By-law Amendment in accordance with section 39 of the Planning Act;
b) A place of worship or buildings for purposes of a churchyard or cemetery;
c) Non-residential farm buildings constructed for bona fide farm uses;
d) A building permit issued against a development to which the full lot levy, under the Planning Act, was paid prior to the Development Charges Act, 1989 coming into force; and
e) Partial exemption of $59 \%$ of the urban area residential charge for apartment units located within commercial buildings and a $72 \%$ partial exemption of the urban area non-residential charge for non-residential development, located within the Fergus and Elora Downtown Cores, as defined by the Central Business District designation in the County and/or Municipal Official Plan.

## Amount of Charges

## Residential

3.11 The development charges set out in Schedule B shall be imposed on residential uses of lands, buildings or structures, including a dwelling unit accessory to a non-residential use and, in the case of a mixed use building or structure, on the residential uses in the mixed use building or structure, according to the type of residential unit, and calculated with respect to each of the services according to the type of residential use.

## Non-Residential

3.12 The development charges described in Schedule B to this by-law shall be imposed on non-residential uses of lands, buildings or structures, and, in the case of a mixed use building or structure, on the non-residential uses in the mixed use building or structure, and calculated with respect to each of the services according to the total floor area of the non-residential use.

## Reduction of Development Charges for Redevelopment

3.13 Despite any other provisions of this By-law, where, as a result of the redevelopment of land, a building or structure existing on the same land within 60 months prior to the date of payment of development charges in regard to such redevelopment was, or is to be demolished, in whole or in part, or converted from one principal use to another principal use on the same land, in order to facilitate the redevelopment, the development charges otherwise payable with respect to such redevelopment shall be reduced by the following amounts:
(a) in the case of a residential building or structure, or in the case of a mixeduse building or structure, the residential uses in the mixed-use building or structure, an amount calculated by multiplying the applicable development charge under subsection 3.11 by the number, according to type, of dwelling units that have been or will be demolished or converted to another principal use; and
(b) in the case of a non-residential building or structure or, in the case of mixed-use building or structure, the non-residential uses in the mixed-use building or structure, an amount calculated by multiplying the greater of the applicable development charges under subsection 3.12 or the calculated rate within the Township of Centre Wellington Development Charges Background Study, August 27, 2013, by the gross floor area that has been or will be demolished or converted to another principal use;
(c) notwithstanding the above, for brownfield redevelopment, the period in which the reduction of development charges applies for redevelopment shall be extended to not more than 180 months prior to the date of payment of development charges in regard to such redevelopment;
provided that such amounts shall not exceed, in total, the amount of the development charges otherwise payable with respect to the redevelopment.

## Time of Payment of Development Charges

3.14 Development charges imposed under this By-law are calculated, payable, and collected upon issuance of a building permit for the development.
3.15 Despite section 3.14, Council from time to time, and at any time, may enter into agreements providing for all or any part of a development charge to be paid before or after it would otherwise be payable, in accordance with section 27 of the Act.

## 4. PAYMENT BY SERVICES

4.1 Despite the payment required under subsections 3.11 and 3.12 , Council may, by agreement, give a credit towards a development charge in exchange for work that relates to a service to which a development charge relates under this By-law.

## 5. INDEXING

5.1 Development charges imposed pursuant to this By-law shall be adjusted annually, without amendment to this By-law, on January $1^{\text {st }}$ of each year, in accordance with the prescribed index in the Act.

## 6. SCHEDULES

6.1 The following schedules shall form part of this By-law:

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { Schedule A } & - & \text { Components of Services Designated in section } 2.1 \\
\text { Schedule B } & - & \text { Residential and Non-Residential Development Charges }
\end{array}
$$

## 7. CONFLICTS

7.1 Where the Township and an owner or former owner have entered into an agreement with respect to land within the area to which this By-law applies, and a conflict exists between the provisions of this By-law and such agreement, the provisions of the agreement shall prevail to the extent that there is a conflict.
7.2 Notwithstanding section 7.1, where a development which is the subject of an agreement to which section 7.1 applies, is subsequently the subject of one or more of the actions described in subsection 3.4(a), an additional development charge in respect of the development permitted by the action shall be calculated, payable and collected in accordance with the provisions of this By-law if the development has the effect of increasing the need for services, unless such agreement provides otherwise.

## 8. SEVERABILITY

8.1 If, for any reason, any provision of this By-law is held to be invalid, it is hereby declared to be the intention of Council that all the remainder of this By-law shall continue in full force and effect until repealed, re-enacted, amended or modified.
9. DATE BY-LAW IN FORCE
9.1 This By-law shall come into effect at 12:01 AM on $\qquad$ , 2013.

## 10. DATE BY-LAW EXPIRES

10.1 This By-law will expire at 12:01 AM on $\qquad$ , 2018 unless it is repealed by Council at an earlier date.

## 11. EXISTING BY-LAW REPEALED

11.1 By-law Number 10-002 is hereby repealed.

READ A FIRST AND SECOND TIME this $\qquad$ th day of $\qquad$ , 2013.

Mayor
Clerk

READ A THIRD TIME AND FINALLY PASSED this $\qquad$ th day of $\qquad$ , 2013.
$\overline{\text { Mayor - Joanne Ross-Zuj }}$

Clerk - Marion Morris

SCHEDULE "A" TO BY-LAW NO. 2013COMPONENTS OF SERVICES DESIGNATED IN SUBSECTION 2.1
90\% Eligible Services
AdministrationGrowth Related StudiesIndoor Recreation ServicesRecreation Facilities
Outdoor Recreation Services
Parkland DevelopmentParks and Recreation Vehicles and Equipment
100\% Eligible Services
Road Services
Public Works Services
Public Works FacilitiesRolling Stock
Fire Protection Services
Fire Facilities
Fire Vehicles
Fire Fighter Equipment
Urban Serviced Areas (including Elora and Fergus Areas)
Wastewater Services
Treatment and Collection
Water ServicesTreatment, Storage and Distribution

| Service | RESIDENTIAL |  |  |  | NON-RESIDENTIAL (per $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ of Gross Floor Area) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single and SemiDetached Dwelling | Apartments - 2 <br> Bedrooms + | Apartments Bachelor and 1 Bedroom | Other Multiples |  |
| Municipal Wide Services: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Roads | 3,990 | 2,487 | 1,684 | 3,200 | 1.73 |
| Public Works | 728 | 454 | 307 | 584 | 0.31 |
| Fire Protection Services | 616 | 384 | 260 | 494 | 0.33 |
| Outdoor Recreation Services | 1,226 | 764 | 517 | 983 | 0.11 |
| Indoor Recreation Services | 2,153 | 1,342 | 909 | 1,727 | 0.18 |
| Administration | 1,155 | 720 | 488 | 926 | 0.51 |
| Total Municipal Wide Services | 9,868 | 6,151 | 4,165 | 7,914 | 3.17 |
| Urban Services |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater Services | 7,617 | 4,748 | 3,215 | 6,108 | 3.27 |
| Water Services | 2,893 | 1,803 | 1,221 | 2,320 | 1.24 |
| Total Urban Services | 10,510 | 6,551 | 4,436 | 8,428 | 4.51 |
| GRAND TOTAL RURAL AREA | 9,868 | 6,151 | 4,165 | 7,914 | 3.17 |
| GRAND TOTAL URBAN AREA | 20,378 | 12,702 | 8,601 | 16,342 | 7.68 |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The population figures used in the calculation of the 2012 Development Charge exclude the net Census undercount, which is estimated at approximately 4.75\%.

[^1]:    Source: Historical housing activity (2002-2011) based on Statistics Canada building permits, Catalogue 64-001-XIB
    2012 building permit activity derived from the Township of Centre Wellington Planning Department, 2013

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ The 2011 employment estimate is based on Statistics Canada table 99-012-X2011032, the 2011 NHS Census Profile and Statistic Canada Non Residential building permits data activity.
    ${ }^{2}$ Statistics Canada defines "No Fixed Place of Work" (NFPOW) employees as, "persons who do not go from home to the same work place location at the beginning of each shift. Such persons include building and landscape contractors, travelling salespersons, independent truck drivers, etc.
    ${ }^{3}$ Figure includes Work at home (WAH)

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ with 7+ year life time
    ${ }^{2}$ same percentage as service component to which it pertains computer equipment excluded throughout

[^4]:    1. The Census PPU has been adjusted to account for the downward PPU trend which has been recently experienced in both new and older units, largely due to the aging of the population
    2. Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
    3. Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

    Note: Due to data limitations, medium and high density PPU's have been used for modelling purposes.
    Note: Does not include Statistics Canada data classified as 'Other' - Value of 635
    Note: Does not include institutional population

[^5]:     combination of historical trend analysis and Statistic Canada Non Residential building permits data activity.

[^6]:    SOURCE: STATISTICS CANADA PUBLICATION, 64-001-XIB
    Note: Inflated to year-end 2011 (January, 2012) dollars using Reed Construction Cost Index

[^7]:    | 10 Year Average | $2003-2012$ |  |
    | :--- | ---: | ---: |
    | Quantity Standard |  | 2.0761 |
    | Quality Standard |  | $\$ 155$ |
    | Service Standarc | $\$ 322$ |  |


    | DC Amount (before deductions | 14 Year |  |
    | :--- | ---: | ---: |
    | Forecast Population |  | 9,586 |
    | $\$$ per Capita |  | $\$ 322$ |
    | Eligible Amount |  | $\$ 3,089,089$ |

[^8]:    

[^9]:    | 10 Year Average | 2003-2012 |
    | :--- | ---: |
    | Quantity Standard | 0.5377 |
    | Quality Standard |  |
    | Service Standarc | $\$ 235$ |


    | DC Amount (before deductions) | 14 Year |
    | :--- | ---: |
    | Forecast Population | 9,586 |
    | $\$$ per Capita | $\$ 126$ |
    | Eligible Amoun | $\$ 1,212,437$ |

[^10]:    | DC Amount (before deductions) | 10 Year |
    | :--- | ---: |
    | Forecast Population | 7,203 |
    | $\$$ per Capita | $\$ 243$ |
    | Eligible Amount | $\$ 1,747,880$ |

[^11]:    Watson \& Associates Economists Ltd.

[^12]:    | 10 Year Average | 2003-2012 |
    | :--- | ---: |
    | Quantity Standard | 0.0008 |
    | Quality Standard | $\$ 32,938$ |
    | Service Standard | $\$ 26$ |

[^13]:    | 10 Year Average | $2003-2012$ |
    | :--- | ---: |
    | Quantity Standard | 6.1820 |
    | Quality Standard | $\$ 287$ |
    | Service Standarc | $\$ 1,777$ |

[^14]:    \{1\}See Attachment 1 for details
    \{2\}See Attachment 2 for details
    Watson \& Associates Economists Ltd.

